

# Agilent 218 Purification Solution

# **System User Guide**



# Notices

© Agilent Technologies, Inc. 2012, 2013

No part of this manual may be reproduced in any form or by any means (including electronic storage and retrieval or translation into a foreign language) without prior agreement and written consent from Agilent Technologies, Inc. as governed by United States and international copyright laws.

#### **Manual Part Number**

G9300-90301

#### **Edition**

03/2013

Printed in Germany

Agilent Technologies Hewlett-Packard-Strasse 8 76337 Waldbronn

This product may be used as a component of an in vitro diagnostic system if the system is registered with the appropriate authorities and complies with the relevant regulations. Otherwise, it is intended only for general laboratory use.

#### Warranty

The material contained in this document is provided "as is," and is subiect to being changed, without notice, in future editions. Further, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Agilent disclaims all warranties, either express or implied, with regard to this manual and any information contained herein, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Agilent shall not be liable for errors or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, use, or performance of this document or of any information contained herein. Should Agilent and the user have a separate written agreement with warranty terms covering the material in this document that conflict with these terms, the warranty terms in the separate agreement shall control.

#### **Technology Licenses**

The hardware and/or software described in this document are furnished under a license and may be used or copied only in accordance with the terms of such license.

#### **Restricted Rights Legend**

If software is for use in the performance of a U.S. Government prime contract or subcontract, Software is delivered and licensed as "Commercial computer software" as defined in DFAR 252.227-7014 (June 1995), or as a "commercial item" as defined in FAR 2.101(a) or as "Restricted computer software" as defined in FAR 52.227-19 (June 1987) or any equivalent agency regulation or contract clause. Use, duplication or disclosure of Software is subject to Agilent Technologies' standard commercial license terms, and non-DOD Departments and Agencies of the U.S. Government will receive no greater than Restricted Rights as defined in FAR 52.227-19(c)(1-2) (June 1987). U.S. Government users will receive no greater than Limited Rights as defined in FAR 52.227-14 (June 1987) or DFAR 252.227-7015 (b)(2) (November 1995), as applicable in any technical data.

#### **Safety Notices**

### CAUTION

A **CAUTION** notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data. Do not proceed beyond a **CAUTION** notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

### WARNING

A WARNING notice denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury or death. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING notice until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

# In this book...

This manual provides setup information on following modules:

- Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module (G9300A/G9301A)
- Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual WL Detector (G9309A)
- Agilent 410 Autosampler (G9331A/G9332A)
- Agilent 440 Fraction Collector (G9340A)

#### **1** Introduction

This chapter introduces to the Agilent 218 Purification Solution system and its components.

#### 2 Site Requirements and Specifications

This chapter provides infromation on site requirements and specifications of your system.

#### **3** Installation

This chapter gives information about the installation of your Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module, Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual WL Detector, Agilent 410 Autosampler, and Agilent 440 Fraction Collector.

#### 4 Using, Troubleshooting, Maintenance and Parts

This chapter provides information on how to access further details on the system components.

#### **5** Cables

This chapter provides information on cables used with the instrument.

#### 6 Appendix

This chapter provides addition information on safety, legal and web.

# Contents

#### 1 Introduction 7

Introduction to the System 8 Introduction to the Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module 9 Introduction to the Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector 11 Introduction to the Agilent 410 Autosampler 12 Introduction to the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector 15

#### 2 Site Requirements and Specifications 17

Site Requirements 18 Specifications 21

#### 3 Installation 23

Delivery 26 **Damaged Packaging** 28 Check Delivery 29 Unpacking and Inspection 32 Optimizing the Stack Configuration 35 Installing the Solvent Delivery Module 39 Installing the Detector 71 Installing the Autosampler 84 Installing the Fraction Collector 95 Installing the RS-422/485 Communication Kit 107 Installing the Stream Splitter 109 Setup Hardware 110 Setup the Software 115

#### 4 Using, Troubleshooting, Maintenance and Parts 135

Using, Troubleshooting, Maintenance and Parts 136

#### 5 Cables 137

Cable Overview 138 Cable Connections 139 Analog Output 140 Relay Output 141 Desktop PC Communications 144 Synchronization Signals 145

#### 6 Appendix 149

General Safety Information 150 Solvent Miscibility 156 Solvent Compressibility 157 The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive 159 Batteries Information 160 Radio Interference 161 Electromagnetic Compatibility 162 Agilent Technologies on Internet 164

#### **Contents**



# Introduction

Introduction to the System 8 Introduction to the Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module 9 Introduction to the Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector 11 Introduction to the Agilent 410 Autosampler 12 Agilent 410 Autosampler (G9331A) 12 Agilent 410 Preparative Autosampler (G9332A) 14 Introduction to the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector 15

This chapter introduces to the Agilent 218 Purification Solution system and its components.



Introduction to the System

# Introduction to the System

A complete Agilent 218 Purification Solution system includes:

- Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module(s),
- Tubing,
- Mast kit,
- Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual WL Detector,
- Agilent 410 Autosampler/Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module/Agilent SD-1 Isocratic Solvent Delivery Module (for sample injection), and
- Agilent 440 Fraction Collector

As an option the HPLC Control Software Agilent OpenLAB CDS ChemStation Edition is recommended.

The Agilent 218 Purification Solution allows to combine the modules listed above with the following Agilent 1200 Infinity Series modules:

- Diode Array Detector (G1315 C/D)
- Multiple Wavelength Detector (G1365 C/D)
- Variable Wavelength Detector (G1314 B/C/E/F)
- Preparative Autosampler (G2260A)
- Dual Loop Autosampler (G2258A)
- Fraction Collector (G1364B)
- Binary Pump (G4220B)
- Manual Injector (G1328C) (combined with one or two Agilent 218 Pumps)

### NOTE

The option to combine several modules requires the Agilent OpenLAB CDS ChemStation software as master controller. The 218 Solvent Delivery Module as master controller supports only the modules listed above.

# Introduction to the Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module

The Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module uses proven single-piston rapid-refill technology for economy, reliability, and virtually pulse-free operation. A range of interchangeable pump heads allows operation at flow rates from 10  $\mu$ L/min to 200 mL/min. Biocompatible pump heads are available for those analysts requiring a completely inert flow path.

A single-channel analog-to-digital converter built in to each Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module can convert a detector signal to digital form and transmit the data to a computer system. Five programmable analog inputs and three programmable relay outputs are available to further automate the HPLC system. The Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module is easy to use and very flexible in operation. It can be used in several different modes of operation: as a standalone isocratic pump, as either a master pump or a slave pump in a high pressure gradient system, as a sample inject pump in a preparative system, or in a fully automated HPLC system controlled by an external computer. In each case, the Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module provides outstanding accuracy over its entire range of pressures, flow rates, and solvents.

The Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module operates very quietly because of minimal motor noise and resonance vibrations.

A complete Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module includes a drive module, a pump head, and a pressure module.

One of the Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Modules in the HPLC system needs to have a pressure module installed in its compartment in the pump side panel. The pressure module dampens pulsations and supplies the current system pressure value to the drive module. Software in the drive module ensures that the system pressure is within pre-set maximum and minimum limits. Flow rates are automatically corrected for solvent-compression effects based on the system pressure value read from the pressure module and a compressibility factor entered by the user for each solvent.

The Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module operates with a variety of Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module heads to maintain specified performance over designated flow and pressure ranges. The easily replaceable pump heads are

1

#### 1 Introduction

Introduction to the Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module

self-contained units including a spring-loaded piston and check-valve cartridges. Pump heads are not included with individual drive modules.

A complete HPLC system can be controlled either by an Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module or via OpenLAB CDS ChemStation Edition (recommended). When the computer controls pumps, all pumps are slaves and programming is done on the computer.

On the pump rear panel there is a single RS-422 male connector. This connector is used for bidirectional signals to and from the controller, whether the controller is an external computer or another Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module. Internal software in the Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module determines whether the pump is a master controller or a slave pump.

The possible system configurations (depending on the type of pumps and controller being used) are the following:

- · Isocratic system
- Gradient system with one Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module as the controller

When several pumps are connected together, the master Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module can control the other pumps in the liquid delivery system. A master Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module can control up to three other slave units: either three additional pumps in a quaternary system, or two additional elution pumps and one injection pump. The master Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module can control other modules in the system using outputs, and receive information through input contacts.

All pumps are controlled by applicable instrument control software on a PC. The sample inject pump is plumbed into the system with a tee. The column is plumbed after the tee. When such an injection occurs, the Thru Pump Injector automatically begins to ramp up to the correct flow rate, delivers the sample, and then ramps back down to ensure consistent flow rate at all times during the analysis. The Solvent Delivery Modules work with the Thru Pump Injector and lower their flow rate during the injection to maintain a constant overall solvent flow rate.

· Gradient system with HPLC control software as a controller

In this configuration all pumps are slaves and the computer is the system controller. The HPLC control software controls the pumps via the serial interface cable and other devices through contact closures on the Control/Interface module (CIM) built into the Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module.

# Introduction to the Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector

The Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual WL Detector is integrated into a Liquid Chromatography System. The detector is controlled remotely by OpenLAB through Ethernet communications. In this situation, all functions of the detector are controlled through the Workstation software.

The detector measures the sample absorbance at the user-selected wavelength. The absorbance is displayed. Wavelength absorbance parameters are time programmable.

Features of the Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual WL Detector:

- Stackable module
- Interchangeable flowcells
- Simple lamp replacement
- Comfortable control (OpenLAB)
- Wide detection range (peaks up to 40 AU/cm with appropriate flowcell)

1

# Introduction to the Agilent 410 Autosampler

The Autosampler is available in two configurations as the *Standard* Autosampler (G9331A) and the Preparative Autosampler (G9332A).

### Agilent 410 Autosampler (G9331A)

The Agilent 410 Autosampler has been designed to meet the needs of the modern analytical laboratory. The autosampler has the following features:

- Column temperature control and sample cooling guaranting consistent results
- High resolution syringe control guaranting superior precision for injection and reagent addition
- · Fast replacement of the injection valve

Loop injection with Pressure Assisted Sample Aspiration is a proven concept that combines high precision with simplicity and reliability.

Three injection modes can be selected:

- Full loop
- · Partial loop filling
- μL Pick-up

Maximum precision, maximum flexibility and zero sample loss can be achieved with these features.

#### **Side-Port Needle**

The strong side-port needle combines the optimum point style for septa piercing with a minimum risk of blockage by septum particles.

### **Column Oven**

A column oven is an integral part of the Agilent 410 Autosampler because constant column temperature is important for long term stability of a chromatographic separation and may be required for GLP compliance.

### **Reagent Addition**

Internal Standard addition, sample dilution or derivatization can be programmed in a very simple manner. A single-stage derivatization of a sample in a separate (destination) vial requires no more than 4 program lines. Multi-reagent addition is also possible, two large volume reagent vials are available on the sample tray.

#### Service Autosampler

Low instrument down time is accomplished by a high Mean Time Between Failure and quick instrument service. Special attention has been paid to these aspects of the concept, as is illustrated by the injection valve. The Agilent 410 Autosampler will alert you when the lifetime of the seal is exceeded or if the switching torque becomes too high. This allows preventive maintenance before injection performance degrades. And if necessary, the entire injection valve can be replaced in seconds with the unique Quick-fit valve mounting mechanism.

# Agilent 410 Preparative Autosampler (G9332A)

By just choosing Prep mode in your system settings, you can use the Agilent 410 Autosampler to inject all of your sample into a Preparative LC system or in other areas where large injection volumes are required.

The combination of large sample vials (10 mL), a large sample volume needle and a 2.5 mL syringe enable you to inject large volumes very reproducible with high speeds and only 45  $\mu$ L of sample loss. The installed large bore valve (0.75 mm) with 10 mL sample loop enables you to inject from microliters to milliliters with the same AutoSampler. Flow rates up to 200 mL per minute are possible when in the Prep mode.

Table 1	Tubing of the Agilent 410 Autosampler prep option	
---------	---	--

Tubing	Material	Dimensions	Volume
LSV sample needle and tubing	Stainless Steel	70 mm x 0.81 mm o.d. x 0.51 mm i.d.	45 μL
LSV sample needle to high-pressure valve	ETFE	155 mm x 1/16" o.d. x 0.50 mm i.d.	45 μL
Buffer tubing from high-pressure valve to syringe valve	PTFE	2550 mm x 1/16" o.d. x 1 mm i.d.	2000 µL

If the Prep option is factory installed the installation instructions can be skipped.

If the Prep option is bought as a kit, carry out the installation instructions, see "Installing the Agilent 410 Autosampler Prep Option" on page 94 for more information.

# Introduction to the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector

The Agilent 440 Fraction Collector is a random access, single probe fraction collector and can accommodate a variety of racks. It is designed to automate the sample collection process. This fraction collector is designed to meet the diverse requirements of high-throughput laboratories.

Three racks are included with the fraction collector and are made of polypropylene to resist most chemical spills. Up to three racks of many configurations can be placed on the fraction collector. Additional sample racks can be set up in sequence and manually changed during an analysis as each rack's analysis is completed.

The rack closest to the rear of the fraction collector (next to the pillar) is considered rack number one. 1

### 1 Introduction

Introduction to the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector



This chapter provides infromation on site requirements and specifications of your system.



# **Site Requirements**

# **Power Considerations**

The instrument power supply has wide ranging capability. It accepts any line voltage in the range described in *Physical Specifications*.

### WARNING

### Hazard of electrical shock or damage of your instrumentation can result, if the devices are connected to a line voltage higher than specified.

→ Connect your instrument to the specified line voltage only.

### CAUTION

Inaccessible power plug.

In case of emergency it must be possible to disconnect the instrument from the power line at any time.

- → Make sure the power connector of the instrument can be easily reached and unplugged.
- Provide sufficient space behind the power socket of the instrument to unplug the cable.

### **Power Cords**

Different power cords are offered as options with the module. The female end of all power cords is identical. It plugs into the power-input socket at the rear. The male end of each power cord is different and designed to match the wall socket of a particular country or region.

### WARNING

#### Absence of ground connection or use of unspecified power cord

The absence of ground connection or the use of unspecified power cord can lead to electric shock or short circuit.

- Never operate your instrumentation from a power outlet that has no ground connection.
- Never use a power cord other than the Agilent Technologies power cord designed for your region.

### WARNING

#### Use of unsupplied cables

Using cables not supplied by Agilent Technologies can lead to damage of the electronic components or personal injury.

→ Never use cables other than the ones supplied by Agilent Technologies to ensure proper functionality and compliance with safety or EMC regulations.

### WARNING

#### Unintended use of supplied power cords

Using power cords for unintended purposes can lead to personal injury or damage of electronic equipment.

Never use the power cords that Agilent Technologies supplies with this instrument for any other equipment.

#### 2 **Site Requirements and Specifications Site Requirements**

# Condensation

### CAUTION

Condensation within the module

Condensation will damage the system electronics.

- → Do not store, ship or use your module under conditions where temperature fluctuations could cause condensation within the module.
- → If your module was shipped in cold weather, leave it in its box and allow it to warm slowly to room temperature to avoid condensation.

# Area selected

### WARNING

#### Explosion, damage and accuracy of the module

- → Select an area free from drafts, corrosive atmospheres, and vibration.
- Select a dust-free, low-humidity environment.
- → Use air-conditioning for control of the environment.

### **Bench Space**

Make sure that the bench is designed to bear the weight of all modules.

For details on the space needed around the individual modules, refer to the according manuals:

- Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module User Manual (G9300-90001)
- Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector User Manual (G9309-90000)
- Agilent 410 Autosampler User Manual (G9331-90000)
- Agilent 440 Fraction Collector User Manual (G9340-90000)

# **Specifications**

For details on specifications of the individual modules, please refer to the *Agilent 1200 Infinity Series Specifications Compendium*, or to the corresponding User Manuals.

2 Site Requirements and Specifications Specifications



3

Delivery 26 Components of a Complete System 26 Damaged Packaging 28 Check Delivery 29 Delivery Checklists 29 Unpacking and Inspection 32 Optimizing the Stack Configuration 35 Isocratic System 36 Binary System 37 Auto-Preparative System 38 Installing the Solvent Delivery Module 39 Electrical Setup 39 Pump Head Installation 41 Pressure Module Installation 43 Internal Mixer Installation 45 Mast Kit and Components Installation 47 Installing the Mast 48 Installing the Manual Injection Valve and Bracket 49 Installing the Prime/Purge Valve and Bracket system 51 Installing the 3-way Pump Head Prime Valve 52 Installing the Column Hanger 54 Plumbing Connections 55 Setting the Pump ID and Pump Head Size When Using HPLC Control Software 69 Setting the Pump ID and Pump Head Size When Using an Agilent 218 Pump as a Master Controller 70



Specifications

Installing the Detector 71 Location of the Detector Module 71 **Power Connection and Rear Panel Services** 72 Avoiding Harmful interferences to Radio or Television Reception 74 Removing the Front Panel 75 Hydraulic Connections - Flowcells 76 Installing a Flowcell 77 Detector Outlet Back Pressure Restrictor 81 Installing the Door 82 Installing and Removing the Door 83 Installing the Autosampler 84 Location of the Autosampler Module 84 Overview of the Module 85 Installing the Sample Tray 88 Connecting the Waste Tubings 88 Starting the Autosampler 90 Rinsing the System with Wash Solvent 91 Connecting the HPLC to the Autosampler 92 Filling and Sealing the Vials 92 Loading the Sample Tray 93 Installing the Agilent 410 Autosampler Prep Option 94 Installing the Fraction Collector 95 Overview of the Module 95 Installation Overview 96 Assembling the Fraction Collector 96 Installing the Spill Tray 97 98 Installing the Rack Location Mat Installing the Probe and Tubing 98 Assembling the Sample Racks 101 Installing the Sample Racks 102 Rack Orientation 103 Connecting the Power to the Fraction Collector 104 Connecting the Fraction Collector to the HPLC System 106 Determining the Delay Time 106 Determining the Correct Probe Depth 106

**Specifications** 

```
Installing the RS-422/485 Communication Kit 107
Installing the Stream Splitter
                           109
Setup Hardware 110
   Setup the Hardware 110
   Setup the Pump 111
   Setup the Autosampler 113
   Setup the Detector 113
   Setup the Fraction Collector
                              114
Setup the Software 115
   Install Agilent OpenLAB CDS ChemStation PrepLC Drivers 115
   Setup the System with OpenLAB CDS ChemStation Edition - Control
   Panel 116
   Setup Method 124
   Setup the CIM in the OpenLAB CDS ChemStation PrepLC Drivers
                                                               130
```

This chapter gives information about the installation of your Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module, Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual WL Detector, Agilent 410 Autosampler, and Agilent 440 Fraction Collector.

# Delivery

For detailed information on parts delivered with the modules, refer to the corresponding module manuals:

- Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module User Manual (G9300-90001)
- Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector User Manual (G9309-90000)
- Agilent 410 Autosampler User Manual (G9331-90000)
- Agilent 440 Fraction Collector User Manual (G9340-90000)
- And to the User Manuals of the Agilent 1200 Infinity Series which allows combining with the modules listed above (see "Introduction to the System" on page 8)

# **Components of a Complete System**

A complete system comprises following modules (as ordered):

Hardware		
Modules	p/n	Description
	G9300A	Agilent 218 Isocratic Solvent Delivery Module
	G9301A	Agilent 218 Add-On Solvent Delivery Module (OPTIONAL)
	G9309A	Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual WL Detector
	G9331A	Agilent 410 Autosampler
	G9332A	Agilent 410 Preparative Autosampler (OPTIONAL)
	G9340A	Agilent 440 Fraction Collector

#### Software

p/n	Description
M8366-64000	OpenLAB CDS Installation Driver Prep LC
M8367-64000	OpenLAB CDS Installation Upgrade Driver Prep LC
M8500AA	LC driver
M8301AA	OpenLAB CDS ChemStation Edition Workstation A.01.05 or higher

#### 3 Installation Damaged Packaging

# **Damaged Packaging**

If the delivery packaging shows signs of external damage, please call your Agilent Technologies sales and service office immediately. Inform your service representative that the instrument may have been damaged during shipment.

### CAUTION

"Defective on arrival" problems

If there are signs of damage, please do not attempt to install the module. Inspection by Agilent is required to evaluate if the instrument is in good condition or damaged.

- → Notify your Agilent sales and service office about the damage.
- → An Agilent service representative will inspect the instrument at your site and initiate appropriate actions.

# **Check Delivery**

### **Delivery Checklists**

### **Delivery Checklist Pump**

The pump is packed in a single carton.

The pressure module ordered with the pump is shipped separately and needs to be installed.

Any pump head ordered with the pump is packed separately.

The following list shows all items delivered in a standard delivery. Your personal list depends on your order, therefore countercheck delivery with your order.

- Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module
- Power cord
- · Pump head kit
- Plumbing kit (G9300A)
- Pressure transducer module (G9300A)
- Mast kit (G9301A)
- Internal mixer (G9301A)

### **Delivery Checklist Detector**

The following list shows all items delivered in a standard delivery. Your personal list depends on your order, therefore countercheck delivery with your order.

- Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength detector
- Assy PWB Sync. Interface 325/335 (optional)
- Cross-over Ethernet cable
- Power cord

### NOTE

Flow cells are required for the detector, but are ordered separately. See "Hydraulic Connections - Flowcells" on page 76 for suitable flowcells.

### **Delivery Checklist Autosampler**

The autosampler is packed in a single carton.

The following list shows all items delivered in a standard delivery. Your personal list depends on your order, therefore countercheck delivery with your order.

- Agilent 410 Autosampler (G9331A/G9332A)
- Power cord
- Agilent 410 Reservoir Rack
- Standard Tray Assy (G9332A)
- Agilent and PrepStar Mast kit
- Prime purge valve bracket
- Prime purge valve stainless steel

### **Delivery Checklist Fraction Collector**

The following list shows all items delivered in a standard delivery. Your personal list depends on your order, therefore countercheck delivery with your order.

- Agilent 440-LC Fraction Collector
- Assy USB RS-232 serial adaptor (optional)
- Rack
- Funnel Rack Kit (optional)
- Power cord

### **Delivery Checklist Capillary Kits**

Your order contains one of the following Capillary Kits:

- Binary Pump Stainless Steel Tubing Kit,  $1/16 \ge 0.02$  i.d.
- Binary Pump Stainless Steel Tubing Kit, 1/16 x 0.03 i.d.
- Binary Pump Stainless Steel Tubing Kit, 1/16 x 0.04 i.d.
- Binary Pump Stainless Steel Tubing Kit, 1/8 x 0.08 i.d.
- Isocratic Pump Stainless Steel Tubing Kit,  $1/16 \ge 0.02$  i.d.
- Isocratic Pump Stainless Steel Tubing Kit, 1/16 x 0.03 i.d.
- Isocratic Pump Stainless Steel Tubing Kit, 1/16 x 0.04 i.d.
- Isocratic Pump Stainless Steel Tubing Kit,  $1/8 \ge 0.08$  i.d.

In addition, a Technical Note with installation instructions is included.

### **Delivery Checklist User Documentation CD**

Part of a standard delivery is also the Agilent Purification & Preparative LC - User Documentation CD (G9300-64500).

# **Unpacking and Inspection**

# **Unpacking and Inspection**

- **1** Check carefully to make sure you received all the items listed on the packing list.
- **2** Carefully unpack all the containers and inspect the contents for damage as soon as possible.
- **3** Save the packing containers; they will be useful if you have to file a claim for damage, or in the case of future transit.

# **Unpacking the Solvent Delivery System**

### WARNING

Danger to hands and feet

The instrument is heavy.

→ Always use a fork lift or other suitable lifting device when moving the instrument.

### CAUTION Overheating of the pump

Objects interfering with airflow to the pump

→ Maintain at least 15 cm (6 inches) clear space next to the fan.

# **Unpacking the Detector**

Prerequisites	rerequisites Ensure there is enough room on the bench for the detector.		
WARNING	Heavy weight The Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector weighs in excess of 15 kg (33 lb).		
	$\rightarrow$ Carry the instrument at least with 2 people.		
	→ Avoid back strain or injury by following all precautions for lifting heavy objects.		
	→ Ensure that the load is as close to your body as possible.		
	→ Ensure that you can cope with the weight of your load.		
	<b>1</b> Carefully unpack the unit from the shipping carton and place it on the bench.		
	<b>2</b> Make sure to check carefully for all miscellaneous components that might be contained in the inner compartments.		
NOTE	The detector is a sensitive instrument and should always be handled with the degree of care appropriate for laboratory instrumentation.		
HINT	Keep the shipping carton, as it provides excellent protection if you have to transport or store the detector in the future.		

Unpacking and Inspection

# **Unpacking the Autosampler**

CAUTION

Risk of damaging the autosampler.

- → Do not lift the Agilent 410 Autosampler by the front cover.
- 1 Lift the Agilent 410 Autosampler as shown in Figure 1 on page 34 with both hands under the instrument or with one hand under the front and the other hand grasping the rear top of the Agilent 410 Autosampler.



Figure 1 Agilent 410 Autosampler lifting instructions

# **Optimizing the Stack Configuration**

This section contains information on how to stack your modules, depending on the preparative method.

For optimal performance in other configurations than in the given examples respect the following rules:

- The orientation is also suggested if you are only installing the Agilent 218 Pump.
- If an autosampler is present, it should be placed on top of the detector.
- Position the master pump as highest pump in the stack.

**NOTE** The pump with the pressure module is the master pump. In gradient systems, the remaining pumps are slave pumps.

This position allows easy access to keypad and display to control the HPLC-system vía pump instead of software.

**Optimizing the Stack Configuration** 

# **Isocratic System**



Pressure module

- Figure 2 Isocratic System
- **Table 2**Isocratic system component heights on the mast measured from the bench to<br/>the bottom of the bracket

Part	Height in mm (in.)
Injection valve	285 (11.2)
Prime/purge valve	185 (7.3)
Low pressure solvent valve	100 (3.9)
**Optimizing the Stack Configuration** 

# **Binary System**



Mixer

#### Figure 3 Binary System

 Table 3
 Binary system - component heights on the mast measured from the bench to the bottom of the bracket

Part	Height in mm (in.)
Injection valve	485 (19.1)
Prime/purge valve	385 (15.2)
Low pressure solvent valve	300 (11.8)
Low pressure solvent valve	100 (3.9)

**Optimizing the Stack Configuration** 



# **Auto-Preparative System**

**NOTE** As all modules can be mixed, there is no general proposal for stacking. Depending on the modules that need to be installed there are two different ways of stacking. As described in the figure above the pump can be set at the bottom of a stack and the detector at the top. The other way is to build two stackings one with the pumps stacked on one stack, and a detector and sampler that are stacked on a second stack.

# Installing the Solvent Delivery Module

# **Electrical Setup**

CAUTION	Damage to the module.
	→ Use only correct fuses, recommended for your voltage usage.
	→ A label stating the operating power rating of your instrument (as wired in the factory) is affixed to the rear panel adjacent to the power receptacle and voltage selection assembly (J1).
	→ The pumps are shipped with fuses installed; ready for operation on 220/230 V. You will need to reconfigure the voltage for 115 V usage.
	Check that the voltage configuration is set correctly for your local power requirements.
	→ If it is necessary to change the voltage configuration, see maintenance procedure in Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module - User Manual (G9300-90001).
	<b>1</b> Setup electrical connections.
	<b>2</b> Check that the ON/OFF power switch is off (in the O position).
	<b>3</b> Connect the power cord to the back panel of the module and plug it into a grounded power socket.
NOTE	A good ground connection is necessary to ensure safety for users and proper communications.

**4** Turn on the power switch.

Installing the Solvent Delivery Module

NOTE	If the pump does not start check following items:
	1 Proper connection of the power cord
	2 Power at the wall receptacle
	<b>3</b> Functionality of the main power fuse (F1)
	For fuse installation, see maintenance procedure in Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module - User Manual (G9300-90001).
	The fuse rating and operating voltage is printed on the rear panel next to the power receptacle.

# **Pump Head Installation**

The pumps are shipped without the pump head installed. You will have to install the pump head before beginning to run. You can also change pump heads at any time.



**3** Holding the pump head in place, slide the clamp (found in the pump head kit) down over the head so the clamp flanges engage the slots on both sides of the pump head.

Installing the Solvent Delivery Module

NOTE	Depending on the position of the pump cam, you may have to push the pump head in to get the clamp on. Make sure that the clamp flanges are in their slots on both sides and finger-tighten the thumbscrew until the clamp holds the pump head securely.
	In the case of the 200 mL/min head use the supplied hex wrench to tighten hex screw on the clamp. Tighten very securely. Repeat this procedure for each pump head in your system.
NOTE	There are three sizes of pump head clamps. The smaller one fits all pump heads that do not have piston wash. The larger one fits all heads that have piston wash. The largest clamp is used only with the 200 mL/min head.
	<b>4</b> Enter the pump head size into the pump software and into the pump firmware (from the key pad).
NOTE	For details see "Setting the Pump ID and Pump Head Size When Using HPLC Control Software" on page 69 or "Setting the Pump ID and Pump Head Size When Using an Agilent 218 Pump as a Master Controller" on page 70.

# **Pressure Module Installation**

Each Agilent 218 Pump can have a pressure module installed in the panel on the right side of the pump. The pressure module dampens pump pulsations and supplies the current pressure value to the Agilent 218 software. The pump needs this information to implement compressibility compensation and flow rate accuracy corrections and to ensure that system pressure is within the limits entered during setup.

Four pressure module ratings are available:

- 60.0 MPa (600 bar, 8700 psi),
- 41.4 MPa (414 bar, 6000 psi),
- 27.6 MPa (276 bar, 4000 psi),
- 13.8 MPa (138 bar, 2000 psi).
- 8.3 MPa (83 bar, 1200 psi).

These have different flow rate max/min (see Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module - User Manual (G9300-90001))

The pressure module is identified on the front of its panel. The connector from the pressure module should be plugged into the master pump. Only one pump in the HPLC system needs to have a pressure module installed.

Tools required	<b>Description</b> Phillips head screwdriver
NOTE	You do not need to remove the top cover to install the pressure module or mixer. The covers are removed in some photographs for clarity.
NOTE	If you are using an HPLC system with a Agilent 218 as controller, the pump with the pressure module should be the master controller (device ID = MC).
NOTE	For the Agilent 1200 Infinity Series LC systems, the pressure module must go into the topmost pump.

**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 

## NOTE

If you are using a computer as controller, the pump with the pressure module needs to be identified in the controller configuration window.



### NOTE

This is critical as the pressure module can slip out if the pump is picked up without the screws being tightened.

# **Internal Mixer Installation**

If two or more pumps are being used together to proportion individual solvents into one mixture, a mixer is required.

Mixers are available in several different materials and three different sizes:

- A 0.6 mL,
- 1.2 mL, and
- 10 mL mixer.

The internal mixer is identical in function and capability to the external mixer except that it obtains power from the pump drive module and it mounts into the pressure module bay at the right rear of the pump. The mixer is identified by a label on the inside of the mixer mounting panel. This identifies the mixer size, material and part number.

The mixer connects to the Agilent 218 Pump using a 2-pin Molex connector for power. There is no ON/OFF switch for the mixer. Whenever the Agilent 218 Pump is powered on, the mixer is running. This continuous running does not hurt the mixer. When no liquid is present, the mixing bars may not be moving. This is normal. When liquid is present, the mixing bars flip back and forth rapidly to mix the solvents.



Installing the Solvent Delivery Module

**3** Attach the 2-pin Molex connector to the white Molex **4** Fit the mixer panel onto the module and use the screws connector in the mixer compartment. The flat sides of the to fasten it to the pump. connector should be toward the rear of the pump. (40) (42) ð Figure 6 Mixer internal connections

# **Mast Kit and Components Installation**

- **1** "Installing the Mast" on page 48
- 2 "Installing the Manual Injection Valve and Bracket" on page 49
- 3 "Installing the Prime/Purge Valve and Bracket\_system" on page 51
- 4 "Installing the 3-way Pump Head Prime Valve" on page 52
- 5 "Installing the Column Hanger" on page 54

**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 

# **Installing the Mast**

#### **Parts required**

#### Description

Mast kit (2x mast clamp bracket assembly, 2x 10-32 socket scres, stainless steel mast)

- 1 Remove the mast, brackets and two screws from the Mast Kit Assembly.
- **2** Attach a mast clamp to the fittings at the front corner of the pump.



#### OR

Attach a mast clamp to the fittings one each on the lower front corner of the pump and top front corner of the detector (if fitted).

**3** Secure the stainless-steel mast within the clamps so the lower end of the mast is level with the bench.

#### Installation Installing the Solvent Delivery Module

3

# Installing the Manual Injection Valve and Bracket

Tools required	<b>Description</b> Hex key, 2 mm, pro	ovided with the inje	ctio	n valve
Parts required	<b>p/n</b> R000048605	<b>Description</b> Injection valve Injection valve b	rack	et
1 Unpack the injection Selection valve grub screw Dust cover with needle port inside it Selction valve	ion valve with attache	ed black cable.	2	Remove the red dust cover and gently pull out the needle port from the valve.
the two grub scre	tion handle from the v ws securing it to the ovided 2 mm hex key.	injection valve	4	Remove the two screws and injection valve bracket from the accessories bag that came with the injection valve. Attach the bracket to the injection valve with the two screws.

**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 



# Installing the Prime/Purge Valve and Bracket\_system

Parts required	#	p/n	Description
	1		Prime/purge valve - consult the documentation that came with the valve for the part number
	1	CP16267	Hex key, 2 mm
	1	R000048606	Prime/purge valve bracket for stainless steel purge valve
	1	R000048616	Prime/purge valve bracket for PEEK purge valve
NOTE		e stainless steel iı ium prime/purge	mages are shown here, the procedure is the same for PEEK or valves.



**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 

# **Installing the 3-way Pump Head Prime Valve**

Tools required Description

Hex key, 2 mm

## Parts required Description Pump head prime valve Pump head prime valve bracket



# CAUTION

#### Damage to the fittings

- → Finger-tighten the nut and use the provided hex key to tighten the selection knob.
- **5** Place the flat washer and then ridged washer on the 3-way valve. Screw on the nut to secure the two washers.
- 6 Slide the selection knob onto the 3-way valve. The engraved lines on the top of the selection knob should point to the holes in the black body of the 3-way valve. The grub screw should be flush with the flat side of the metal post on the 3-way valve.



#### Next Steps:

- 7 Secure the selection knob to the 3-way valve using only the provided 2 mm hex key. Do not over-tighten.
- 8 Attach the 3-way valve to the mast. See Table 2 on page 36 for the correct height.

# NOTE

If you have a binary system, repeat this procedure for the second 3-way pump head prime valve.For correct height see Table 3 on page 37.

**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 

# **Installing the Column Hanger**

Parts required	#	p/n	Description
	1	R000048610	Analytical column hanger for ¼ in. OD
OR	1	R000048602	Preparative column hanger for 1 in. OD
OR	1	R000048601	Preparative column hanger for $\frac{1}{2}$ in. OD

- 1 Attach the column hanger on to the mast so that the column inlet is close to the injection valve. Avoid blocking the other components.
- **2** Secure the column hanger by tightening the black thumbscrew on the bracket.



# **Plumbing Connections**

# CAUTION

Damage to the pump heads

- → Each individual pump head has a different set of tubing that comes with the pump head for connection to the solvent reservoir and to the rest of the system. They also have individual nuts, bushings and ferrules that are used to connect the pump to the rest of the system. Use those parts to make the connections.
- → If you want to run the pump without liquid flow, remove the liquid head, or use demo mode.

**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 

## **Pump Head Low Pressure Tubing and Inlet Filter Assembly**

The four types of inlet filter assemblies are shown below.

10 mL/min Heads



Figure 7 Inlet filter assembly installation

#### Installation of inlet tubing for 10 to 100 mL/min heads

- 1 Remove the solvent inlet assembly from the accessories package and immerse the inlet filter into clean, HPLC-grade water.
- **2** Assemble the inlet filter onto the end of the inlet tubing.

**3** Connect the inlet fitting to the inlet port on the pump head check valve (the lower port). Tighten the inlet tubing finger tight.

**NOTE** If leakage occurs in use, tighten very slightly with an open-end wrench until the leak stops. Do not over-tighten. The fitting may be damaged.

#### Installation of inlet tubing for 200 mL/min heads

- 1 Remove the solvent inlet assembly from the accessory package and immerse diagonally cut end of tubing into solvent container. The solvent containers should be located on the floor with the pump on the bench.
- **2** Connect the inlet fitting to the inlet port on the pump head check valve (the lower port). Tighten the inlet tubing finger tight.

**NOTE** If leakage occurs in use, tighten very slightly with an open-end wrench until the leak stops. Do not over-tighten. The fitting may be damaged.

Installing the Piston-washing Tubing

**NOTE** Skip this step if you do not have piston washing on your pump heads. The wash tubing is provided as a single piece.

**NOTE** When pumps are stacked, the tubing from the upper pump rinse outlet can be connected to the rinse inlet of the lower pump, so that pump heads can be rinsed in series. The tubing clamp need only be attached to the outlet rinse tubing on the bottom pump.

- 1 Cut into two pieces of appropriate length for the wash inlet and outlet.
- **2** Thread male Luer fittings into the inlet (top) and outlet rinse ports and connect the silicone tubing to the Luer fittings.
- **3** Attach the tubing clamp to the outlet tubing.

**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 

## **Pump Head High Pressure Tubing**



Figure 8 High pressure tubing connections; A: titanium or stainless steel heads, B: PEEK Heads

#### Installation of high pressure tubing for titanium or stainless steel heads

- 1 Thread one of the ¼-28 male nuts and ferrules onto the outlet tubing. For orientation see (A).
- **2** With the nut and ferrule in place, insert the tubing into the outlet check valve as far as it will go.
- **3** Holding the tubing in place, tighten the nut <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> turn beyond finger-tight with an open-end wrench to swage the ferrule to the tubing.
- **4** Repeat this process at the other end of the outlet tubing for the next device in line (mixer, pressure monitor, etc.).

**NOTE** If the connection leaks when the system is pressurized, tighten the nut slightly until the leak stops.

# Installation of high pressure tubing for high pressure tubing for PEEK heads

- **1** Thread one of the polyacetal nuts and ETFE (ethylene-tetrafluoroethylene) 2-piece ferrules onto the outlet tubing. For orientation see (B).
- **2** With the nut and ferrule in place, insert the tubing into the outlet check valve as far as it will go.
- **3** Holding the tubing in place, tighten the nut <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> turn beyond finger-tight with an open-end wrench to swage the ferrule to the tubing.
- **4** Repeat this process at the other end of the outlet tubing for the next device in line (mixer, pressure monitor, or drain valve).

NOTE

If the connection leaks when the system is pressurized, tighten the nut slightly until the leak stops.

## **Connections for the outlet check valve**

#### 200 mL/min Head

The 200 mL/min head uses 0.318 cm (1/8 in) tubing and fittings on its outlet. The pressure module used with the 200 mL/min head also uses 0.318 cm (1/8 in) tubing and fittings.

## 100 mL/min Head

The pressure module comes with two 0.318 cm (1/8 in) to 0.159 cm (1/16 in) adapters for use with the 100 mL/min head. The outlet of the 100 mL/min head is 0.159 cm (1/16 in) tubing and fittings.

## NOTE

Refer to Figure 9 on page 62 for the appropriate outlet connections for your pump. The appropriate compression fitting is in the accessories package. Typically they are ¼-28 male nuts and ferrules.

**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 

#### Table 4 Connections for the outlet check valve



Installing the Solvent Delivery Module



#### Table 4 Connections for the outlet check valve

<sup>1</sup> Unit conversion: 172 bar = 2500 psi = 17.2 MPa

<sup>2</sup> Unit conversion: 1/8 in = 0.318 mm

Installing the Solvent Delivery Module



Figure 9 Detail of PEEK ferrule and ferrule collar

# Narrowbore and Analytical Stainless Steel Mixers Plumbing Fittings





Extra-long fitting and ferrule

Inlet fitting and ferrule

Figure 10 Compression fittings for 0.6 mL (narrowbore) and 1.2 mL (analytical) stainless steel mixers

#### Tools required

Wrench, 1/4 in

Description

- **1** For both the extra-long fitting on the outlet and the two standard fittings for the inlet, slide the fitting and ferrule over the 0.159 cm (1/16 in) OD tubing and push the end of the tubing into the port as far as possible.
- **2** Holding the tubing in place, finger-tighten the fitting, then tighten 1/4 turn more with a wrench. When tightening the outlet fitting, hold the top of the piston steady with another wrench.

**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 

# Analytical PEEK and Narrowbore/Analytical Titanium Mixers Plumbing Fittings



Extra long fitting



Figure 11 Compression fittings for 1.2 mL (analytical) PEEK, and 0.6 mL (narrowbore) and 1.2 mL (analytical) titanium mixers

NOTE

Do not use tools to tighten.

- 1 Slide the 0.159 cm (1/16 in) OD outlet tubing through the one-piece fitting and ferrule and push the end of the tubing into the port as far as possible.
- **2** Holding the tubing in place, finger-tighten the fitting.
- **3** For both inlet ports, place a fitting and ferrule on the tubing and tighten in the same manner as the outlet fitting.

#### Installation Installing the Solvent Delivery Module

3

# **Preparative PEEK/Titanium Mixers Plumbing Fittings**



Fitting Ferrule collar Ferrule

Figure 12 Compression fittings for 10 mL (preparative) PEEK and titanium mixers

# Tools requiredDescriptionWrench, 5/16 in

# NOTE

All ports are identical.

- 1 Slide the fitting and ferrule/ferrule collar over the 0.318 mm (1/8 in) OD tubing as shown and push the end of the tubing into the port as far as possible.
- **2** Holding the tubing in place, finger-tighten the fitting. When tightening the outlet port fitting, hold the piston steady with another wrench (5/16 in).

# NOTE

When the system plumbing is complete, check for any leaks. If a leak is found, stop the pumps and tighten the affected fitting just enough to stop the leak.

**Purification Solution System User Guide** 

Installing the Solvent Delivery Module

### **Connecting Communication Cabling Using Serial Interface**

On the rear panel there is a single RS-422 male connector for serial communications.

Communications between slave pumps and controller (a computer or master pump) are established through the serial interface channel. This bi-directional communication protocol uses the EIA RS-422/RS-485 interface specification for data transmission.

Internal software in the pump determines whether the pump is a master controller or a slave pump. One software-controlled connector located on the back panel sends and receives signals from the controller (master pump or external computer). This connector is used on all pumps, both when the pump is used as a controller or as a slave: the software informs the controller of the status of each pump. The various configurations are discussed below.

the interface manual of the specific software

NOTE	Connection with a computer is covered in
	svstem used.

#### Using OpenLAB as the System Controller

- 1 Cable your system, see "Cable Connections" on page 139.
- **2** Go to "Setting the Pump ID and Pump Head Size When Using HPLC Control Software" on page 69 or "Setting the Pump ID and Pump Head Size When Using an Agilent 218 Pump as a Master Controller" on page 70 to set the pump ID and pump head size.

#### Using a Agilent 218 Pump as a System Controller

1 Enter the ID number of each Agilent 218 Pump using its own keypad.

# NOTE

Each pump in the system is connected with the serial interface cable. To distinguish one module from another, each module has a unique ID number. This number must be entered in each Agilent 218 Pump using its own keypad.

#### NOTE

The ID number of the master pump is set by the user to **MC**. Slave pump ID numbers can be set as desired. Each system can have only one master pump. Slave pump IDs can also be set from a master pump from the **BUS IDs** menu.

**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 



#### **External Contacts Connectors**

Figure 13 External contacts connector

The Agilent 218 Pump has a number of analog and digital connections on the rear panel .

These can be used to digitize data from an analog detector, start and stop other devices through contact closures and to receive contact closures to start and stop the pump.

Connections are made to this strip by two connectors included in Standard accessory kit (393550991). These two connectors are then attached to another device.

Installing the Solvent Delivery Module

## Table 5J3 terminal strip

Name	Connection
INTGR HI	Positive wire from detector
INTGR LO	Negative wire from detector
INTGR GND	Ground wire from detector <sup>1</sup> .
CHASSIS GND	Ground wire to chassis
ANALOG OUT	0 – 10 V output signal. Specifies which option to output as an analog signal to a recording device. Programmable options are: %A. %B, %C, %D (solvent composition %), pressure (system pressure), nm (wavelength specified in the I/O window), flow (system flow rate), or off. Full scale voltage is 10 V.
ANALOG OUT GND	Ground wire for Analog Out <sup>1</sup> .
1, 2, 3	Contact-closure relay outputs. These can be used to start external devices, such as an autosampler.

<sup>1</sup> Do not connect to Chassis Gnd

Table 6         J2 terminal strip	Table	6	J2 te	rminal	strip
-----------------------------------	-------	---	-------	--------	-------

Name	Connection
AUX +5V	5 V positive signal
AUX GND	Ground for auxiliary voltage <sup>1</sup> .
STOP	Contact closure input to stop the pump from an external device.
D GND	Digital ground for Stop signal <sup>1</sup> .
HOLD	Contact closure input from an external device to Hold a running method at the current time and flow/composition conditions.
D GND	Digital ground for Hold signal <sup>1</sup> .
TRANSFER	Contact closure input to Transfer to another method from an external device. Transfer can be immediate, deferred until the end of the current method pass, or automatic at the end of run if no contact closure is received.
D GND	Digital ground for Transfer signal <sup>1</sup> .

Name	Connection
INJECT	Contact closure input from an external device which cancels a programmed Inject Wait or Hold.
D GND	Digital ground for Inject signal <sup>1</sup> .
MARK	Contact closure input to perform an Event Mark (a 10 % vertical trace on the chromatogram) from an external device.
D GND	Digital ground for Mark signal <sup>1</sup> .

Table 6J2 terminal strip

<sup>1</sup> Do not connect to Chassis Gnd

## **Installing the Capillary Kits**

1 Install the Capillary Kit as described in the Technical Note of the Binary or Isocratic Pump Stainless Steel Tubing Kit.

# Setting the Pump ID and Pump Head Size When Using HPLC Control Software

This is done on the pumps whether you are using an HPLC control software or using one of the pumps as a master controller.

#### To set the pump ID when all pumps are slaves:

- **1** Turn the pump on.
- 2 Press SETUP and then press ID.
- **3** Set the ID for the Agilent 218 Pump either by entering a number between 0 and 63, or pressing the **UP ARROW** or **DOWN ARROW** key to scroll through a preset list of choices. Available choices are: 0 63, **MC** (master controller) or -- (no ID).

#### To set the pump head size when all pumps are slaves:

- **1** Turn the pump on.
- 2 Press SETUP and then press HdSz.

**Installing the Solvent Delivery Module** 

3 Use the UP ARROW or DOWN ARROW key to select between a preset list of choices. Choices are: 5, 10, 25, 50, 100, and 200 mL/min, 10P, 25P, 50P, 100P. The P designation stands for PEEK. The compressibility compensation for PEEK heads is different than for stainless steel or titanium heads.

# Setting the Pump ID and Pump Head Size When Using an Agilent 218 Pump as a Master Controller

#### Setting the pump ID and pump head size

- 1 Turn the pump on.
- 2 Press SETUP.
- 3 Press PUMP.
- 4 Select between **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D**. Selecting a pump opens a window to set Pump ID, Head size, compressibility factors, and refill speed.

## NOTE

For more information about setting the pump ID and pump head size, see **Setup** in Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module - User Manual (G9300-90001)

# **Installing the Detector**

# **Location of the Detector Module**

Place the detector conveniently near your HPLC system. The modular design of the detector enables you to locate it anywhere within the limitations imposed by the length of the power cord, fluid lines and signal cables. In order to keep liquid dead volume as low as possible and to minimize peak broadening in the lines, the distance between the column outlet and the flowcell inlet should be kept to a minimum.

For best performance, the detector should be located on a clean, sturdy, vibration free bench in an area free of:

- Heat sources (such as direct sunlight or a heater vent)
- Drafts (such as an open doorway, window, or air conditioner vent)
- Smoke or UV-absorbing vapor
- · Corrosive or dusty atmosphere
- Potential liquid spills

Provide approximately 4 inches of space behind the unit so that the cooling fan intake is not impeded, and to allow easy access to the rear panel services (see "Power Connection and Rear Panel Services" on page 72).

# **Power Connection and Rear Panel Services**

# WARNING

# Electrical shock

Risk of stroke and other personal injury.

Turn off the power to the detector before making power and signal cable connections.

The detector can communicate with other modules and devices in the entire HPLC system. All power and signal connections are made on the rear panel of the detector (see Figure 14 on page 72). The connectors on the rear panel support communication configurations to a wide range of Agilent modules and non-Agilent devices.



J10 Sync signal



The following table summarizes the function of each connection:
Connection	Function
Main power receptacle	3-pin receptacle with 2 fuses
J14 Analog out	9-pin female "D" shell connector used for two channels (A and B) of analog output
J4 Relay out	15-pin female "D" shell connector used for time programmed contact closures
J1 Comm	RJ-45 type connector used to interface the Agilent 325 to a desktop PC
P9 Sync signal	15-pin male "D" shell connector used with synchronization signal cable
J10 Sync signal	9-pin female "D" shell connector used with synchronization signal cable

 Table 7
 Rear panel services functions

For more information about the connections see chapter Cables.

### **AC Power**

The Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector may be connected to any voltage in the range 100 – 240 VAC  $\pm 10$  %, 50 /60 Hz  $\pm 1$  Hz, single phase, without modification or the need to change fuses.

Before connecting power to the detector, ensure that the power switch on the front of the instrument is OFF (the rocker switch *O* is pressed). The power switch is a rocker switch that connects from the front of the detector directly to the power receptacle on the rear panel. Plug one end of the power cord into the power receptacle on the rear panel and the other end into your AC power source.

**Installing the Detector** 

WARNING	Absence of ground connection or use of unspecified power cord		
	The absence of ground connection or the use of unspecified power cord can lead to electric shock or short circuit.		
	→ Never operate your instrumentation from a power outlet that has no ground connection.		
	→ Never use a power cord other than the Agilent Technologies power cord designed for your region.		
	All devices in the liquid chromatography system should be connected to the same power source, using a properly grounded (3rd wire to earth) multiple outlet power strip.		
NOTE	Do not turn on the AC power yet. All required external devices and hydraulics must first be connected.		

## Avoiding Harmful interferences to Radio or Television Reception

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try one or more of the following measures:

- **1** Relocate the radio or antenna.
- **2** Move the device away from the radio or television.
- **3** Plug the device into a different electrical outlet, so that the device and the radio or television are on separate electrical circuits.
- 4 Make sure that all peripheral devices are also certified.
- **5** Make sure that appropriate cables are used to connect the device to peripheral equipment.

- **6** Consult your equipment dealer, Agilent Technologies, or an experienced technician for assistance.
- 7 Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Agilent Technologies could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

# **Removing the Front Panel**

- **1** If installed, remove the door from the Agilent 325 Detector (see "Installing and Removing the Door" on page 83 for more information).
- **2** Remove the panel on the front right side of the detector by unscrewing the captive screw in the top left corner of the panel.



**Figure 15** Removing the front panel

## **Hydraulic Connections - Flowcells**

Hydraulic connections are located at the front of the Agilent 325 Detector.

The only line installed by the user where dead volume and low holdup are critical is the line from the column exit to the flowcell inlet port. This line should be as short as possible.

The Agilent 325 Detector can be fitted with any one of four flowcells (ordered separately). Each one has an inlet and outlet connection and quartz optics cell window. Your chosen flowcell type is packed internally in the detector. The four flowcell types are outlined in Table 8 on page 76.

Flowcell type	Flowcell p/n	Pathlength <sup>1</sup>	Column ID	Flow rate	Maximum pressure
Analytical	210181800	9 mm x 0 mm	2 – 8 mm	0.0001 – 10 mL/min	69 bar (1000 psi)
Preparative <sup>2</sup>	210181900	9 mm x 1 mm	4 – 76 mm	1 – 500 mL/min	69 bar (1000 psi
Scale Up <sup>2</sup>	210224200	4 mm x 0.25 mm	4 – 76 mm	10 — 200 mL/min	69 bar (1000 psi
Super Prep <sup>2</sup>	210182000	4 mm x 0.15 mm	8 – 152 mm	30 – 1200 mL/min	69 bar (1000 psi
Micro-analytical	210182100	4 mm x 0 mm	1 – 4 mm	0 – 20 mL/min	69 bar (1000 psi

 Table 8
 Compatible flowcells

<sup>1</sup> A pathlength of a mm x b mm means that the sample light path has a pathlength of a mm, and the reference light path has a pathlength of b mm. A reference light path of zero means there is no fluid in the cell - air acts as the reference.

<sup>2</sup> Extended range cell

NOTE

It is important for the extended range cells to run at least at the minimum flow rate.

# **Installing a Flowcell**

The Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector is not shipped with a flowcell installed. You will need to install the flowcell that you purchased with the detector. Each flowcell comes with a set of recommended nuts and ferrules that may be fitted to tubing.

1/16" tubing is used on all flowcells. However for the 4 mm x 0.15 mm super prep. flowcell it is recommended to use 1/8" tubing at higher flow rates. In this case you can add the Adaptor 1/8" - 1/16" (1610126800). This will require the 1/8" tubing and the 1/8" flowcell fittings.

Tubing connections are PEEK type, except for the Super Prep flowcell which uses ETFE tubing 0.125 mm x 0.062 mm.

Parts required	#	p/n	Description
	1	210181800	Flowcell 9 mm x 0 mm, inert (analytical)
OR	1	210181900	Flowcell 9 mm x 1 mm, inert (prep.)
OR	1	210224200	Flowcell 4 mm x 0.25 mm, inert (scale up)
OR	1	210182100	Flowcell 4 mm x 0 mm, inert (micro-analytical)
	1	9910128300	Flow cell replacement fittings
	1	210182000	Flowcell 4 mm x 0.15 mm,inert (super prep.)
	1	1610126900	Fitting 1/8" tube nut flat bottom
	1	1610126400	Fitting 1/8" tube ferrule, Pack of 10
	1	1610126800	Adaptor 1/8" - 1/16"

**Installing the Detector** 

1 Fit the nuts and ferrules on the PEEK tubes. Ferrule Nut PEEK tube	<ul> <li>Screw the two tubes into the inlet and outlet connection of the flowcell. Each flowcell has an inlet and outlet connection.</li> <li>NOTE         Be careful not to cross thread the connector into the flowcell body.         Do not over tighten, as this will damage the threads.     </li> </ul>
	Thumbscrew         Outlet connection         Inlet connection         Tubing         NOTE         The position of the inlet and outlet connections varies for different flowcells.

<b>3</b> Remove the front panel (see "Removing the Front Panel" on page 75 for more information).	<b>4</b> Carefully position the flowcell so that the two thumbscrews are positioned in the threaded holes in the flowcell compartment.
	<b>a</b> Push at the center of the flowcell to ensure it is positioned squarely in its housing and that it is not tilted in any way.
	NOTE
	It is critical to the performance of the detector that the flowcell is inserted correctly. The internal optical components of the flowcell are an integral part of the detector's optical system. If the flowcell is not fitted correctly, it will have an adverse effect on detector performance.

**Installing the Detector** 

#### Next Steps:

- **5** Secure the flowcell by tightening the thumbscrews with your fingers. Alternate tightening the thumbscrews until they are snug.
- 6 Replace the front panel.

### NOTE

For optimum performance, the detector should be operated with the front panel in place. This is because the foam on the inside of the panel stops breezes, which may cause instability and noise, from reaching the flowcell.

## NOTE

The flowcell should be removed with the connecting tubing fitted. These must be removed outside the detector compartment.

7 Perform a lamp calibration (see chapter maintenance in Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector - User Manual (G9309-90000)).

## **Detector Outlet Back Pressure Restrictor**

The Back pressure restrictor (110743300) should be added to all flow cells, unless a fraction collector is installed after the detector. The back pressure restrictor assembly that was supplied with your detector should be threaded into the outlet line from the flowcell. The back pressure restrictor applies approximately 2.76 bar (40 psi) back pressure on the flowcell. This prevents outgassing and bubbles from forming or being trapped in the flowcell, which can cause an unstable baseline.

Note the arrow stamped on the restrictor body. This arrow must point away from the flowcell outlet port, and toward the waste receiver. The threaded plastic fittings should be finger tightened only enough to prevent leaks.

About 122 cm (48") of 1.6 mm (1/16") tubing is supplied at both the inlet and outlet of the restrictor. The inlet tubing is provided with a 1.6 mm (1/16") plastic tubing fitting for connecting to the flowcell outlet port. Either the outlet tubing can be directed to the waste container, or the tubing removed, and the restrictor itself dropped to the bottom of the waste bottle.

The restrictor pressure setting is not adjustable. If the restrictor fails or becomes plugged, replace the existing cartridge with a new 2.76 bar (40 psi) replacement.

NOTE

# **Installing the Door**

The module door may be attached to the front of the Agilent 325 Detector to cover the tubing connections to the flowcell.

If the Agilent 325 Detector is the top module in the stack, the door cap should be installed before installing the door on the module.

### Installing the Door Cap

# If the Agilent 325 Detector is not at the top of the stack, do not install the cap and proceed to the instructions describing door installation.

**1** Stand the door upside down on a flat surface (i.e., with the two ribs towards the bottom).



Figure 16 Installing the door cap

- **2** Take the cap and remove the protective paper exposing the adhesive that will attach the cap to the door.
- **3** Insert the cap into the door and press the adhesive onto the inside of the door lip. Be sure to keep the door edges and cap edges flush.

### Installing the Door

- **1** Insert the top hinge pin into the top hinge.
- **2** Gently press down on the top of the door and slide the lower hinge pin into the lower hinge. The door should now pivot on the pins and close. The magnetic door latch should stick to the instrument.



Figure 17 Installing the Agilent 325 Detector door

## **Installing and Removing the Door**

- 1 Gently push down on the door and slide the lower hinge pin out of the lower hinge.
- **2** Lift and slide out the top of the door.

# Installing the Autosampler

## Location of the Autosampler Module

The best place to install your Agilent 410 Autosampler is at the top of the module stack. This stack would normally be; solvent delivery module on the bench, detector on top of the SDM, and finally the AutoSampler. From the right-hand side you have the shortest connection to the injection valve of the Agilent 410 Autosampler to the column.

Installing the Autosampler

# **Overview of the Module**



Figure 18 Autosampler overview

Installing the Autosampler

1	Vial wash drain
2	Condensed water and leakage drain
3	Tray fixation knob
4	Sample tray
5	Syringe dispenser
6	Keyboard
7	Buffer tubing
8	Needle arm
9	Injection valve
10	Oven compartment
11	Tubing guide
12	Wash position
13	Position for transport solvent and reagent vials

The rear view of the autosampler is shown in Figure 19 on page 87.

### Installation Installing the Autosampler

3



Figure 19 Rear View of the autosampler

Installing the Autosampler

1	Fuses and voltage selector
2	Main input
3	Main switch
4	P1-I/O connector
5	P2-I/O connector
6	RS-232 communication interface connector
7	CE-mark
8	Fan (only if optional Peltier tray cooling option is installed)

## Installing the Sample Tray

- **1** Place the sample tray in the autosampler and rotate it until the tray drops into the slot, only one position is possible.
- **2** Turn the tray fixation knob clock-wise to fixate the tray (see "Overview of the Module" on page 85 for an overview).

## **Connecting the Waste Tubings**

The following Waste Tubings must be connected to the autosampler:

- General waste tubing
- Syring waste tubing
- Water and leakage drain

### **Connecting the General Waste Tubing**

1 Connect the drain tubing to the right-hand drain hose connector of the autosampler and put it in a bottle which is placed on the floor.

All the liquid dispensed while the autosampler is in the wash position is removed through this drain

3

## **Connecting the Syringe Waste Tubing**

1 Place the syringe waste tubing into a small bottle next to the autosampler. If no injection volumes are programmed that are larger than the buffer tubing can contain, the syringe waste will only be wash solvent.

### **Connecting the Water and Leakage Drain**

All solvents that result from a leak in the system and condensed water are drained through the left hand hose connector.

## CAUTION

Risk of damaging the autosampler

Drain and waste tubing are twisted thereby obstructing the flow path.

- → Be sure that the drain and waste tubing are not twisted.
- **1** Connect the hose connector to a waste container on the floor.

**Installing the Autosampler** 

## **Starting the Autosampler**

Tools required	<b>Description</b> Distilled Water Isopropanol Helium
OR	Ultrasonic bath
Preparations	<ul> <li>Allow the Agilent 410 Autosampler to reach ambient temperature for at least one hour.</li> <li>Connect the waste tubings (see "Connecting the Waste Tubings" on page 88 for more information).</li> </ul>
WARNING	Electrical shock
	Risk of stroke and other personal injury due to reduced safety protection or unwanted fusing.
	→ Ensure that the code on the fuse cap matchs the information next to the fuse holders.
	Risk of fire and damaging the module
WARNING	→ For 115 VAC ±15 %, use two 5 A T-fuses (slow-blow).
	→ For 230 VAC ±15 %, use two 2.5 A T-fuses (slow-blow).
	ightarrow All fuses must be UL listed and CSA certified, or IEC 127 type.
NOTE	Keep the keyboard front cover closed during operation.
	<b>1</b> Remove the safety screw on the right-hand side of the front cover.

- 2 Check fuses and voltage settings on the rear of the instrument.
- **3** Connect the power cable.
- **4** Turn the power switch to ON.

The Ready screen appears displaying the firmware revision number.

3

# **Rinsing the System with Wash Solvent**

Tools required	Description
	Distilled Water
	Isopropanol
	Helium
OR	Ultrasonic bath
CAUTION	Damage to the system
	Crystals from salts or buffer solutions may block or damage the system.
	Never use salts or buffer solutions as wash solvents.
	→ Only use water/organic solvents.

- 1 Place a clean bottle for the wash solvent at the left-hand side of the autosampler
- 2 Use a mixture of distilled water and isopropanol (80  $\,/$  20 v/v %) or the mobile phase as wash solvent.
- **3** Degas the wash solvent with Helium or an ultrasonic bath.
- 4 Put the wash solvent tubing in the filled was solvent bottle.
- **5** Press **MAINTENANCE** to go the autosampler maintenance functions.
- 6 Fill the tubing using the autosampler soft-function keys SYR END and SYR HOME.
- **7** With **SYR END** a syringe volume of wash solvent is aspirated from the wash solvent bottle and the wash solvent tubing is filled. With **SYR HOME** the syringe contents will be dispensed to the syringe waste.
- 8 Repeat this action until the wash solvent tubing and the syringe are completely filled and no air bubbles appear in the syringe.
- **9** Press **Escape** to leave the maintenance screen.
- **10** After the wash solvent tubing and the syringe are filled, press **WASH** to perform a standard wash routine. Repeat the wash routine 2 or 3 times. All tubing connected to the syringe valve will be rinsed with wash solvent.

NOTE

The autosampler will give the best results if all air is removed from the syringe.

# **Connecting the HPLC to the Autosampler**

To ensure reproducible injections the following connections to your HPLC system should be made:

- 1 Connect the HPLC pump to port 1 of the injection valve.
- 2 Connect the HPLC column to port 6 of the injection valve.
- **3** Check for leakage and let the system equilibate for at least 5 min.
- **NOTE** The instrument is flushed with Isopropanol. Make sure that the mobile phase of your HPLC system is miscible with Isopropanol. If your mobile phase is not miscible with Isopropanol, then start with an intermediate solvent that is a transition to the mobile phase. To avoid possible contamination of the column, it is good practice to not have the column installed during this operation.

**NOTE** It is essential that the contents of the sample loop are injected as a back flush onto the column, therefore do not exchange column and pump connections at the injection valve.

# **Filling and Sealing the Vials**

- 1 Fill the standard vials, as well as the conical vials by means of a narrow-end pipette to allow air to escape when filling the vial.
- NOTE

Do not fill vials completely to the top. In that case sample will be forced into the air needle, risking cross-contamination of samples and fouling of the needle pair.

- **2** Check that the seal is airtight due to maintain a pressure on the vial for air bubble prevention and to prevent evaporation of volatile samples.
- **3** Check seal after crimping, if the cap can be turned easily, the seal is not airtight (re-adjust hand crimper).

# **NOTE** When using uncapped vials, the performance of the AutoSampler may not meet the specifications (precision). Do not re-use a sample vial without replacing its cap or septum.

3

# Loading the Sample Tray

- 1 Place the vial in the tray and link them to methods in the Series. For details, see Agilent 410 Autosampler User Manual (G9331-90000), Chapter Using, section Programming the Run Sequence or Series.
- **2** If the autosampler ist not running, manually rotate the tray to gain access to all vial positions.

# **Installing the Agilent 410 Autosampler Prep Option**

- **1** Replace the standard injection valve with the special Agilent 410 Prep valve.
- **2** Replace standard sample needle, air needle and buffer tubing with the ones supplied in Prep Upgrade Option, Includes Needle, Syringe, Injection Valve and Large Volume Sample Tray (393590791).
- **3** Re-connect all tubing to the injection valve.
- 4 Replace standard Syringe with the 2500 µL syringe.
- **5** Install the 24 vials (LSV) tray.
- **6** Choose Prep Mode in system.

# Installation Installing the Fraction Collector

3

# **Installing the Fraction Collector**

# **Overview of the Module**



Figure 20 Fraction collector components

1	Theta axis
2	Z axis slide
3	Top knurled mount nut on the probe assembly
4	Probe mounting block
5	Lower knurled mount nut on the probe assembly

**Installing the Fraction Collector** 

6	Nut holding the metal probe
7	Probe
8	Rack
9	Rack location mat
10	Split retaining ring
11	Fraction collector pillar (control column)

## **Installation Overview**

Basic installation involves:

- Assembling the fraction collector
- Connecting the fraction collector to the HPLC system
- Installing Agilent OpenLAB CDS ChemStation PrepLC Drivers
- Determining the delay volume and probe depth

All external DIP switches should always be in the OFF position.

## NOTE

## **Assembling the Fraction Collector**

Carefully follow the instructions provided below to assemble your instrument. Assembling the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector includes installing the:

- 1 Spill tray
- 2 Rack location mat
- 3 Probe and tubing
- 4 Sample racks

**NOTE** Position the fraction collector on the side of the HPLC system closest to the detector output to help decrease the delay volume.

**Installing the Fraction Collector** 

## **Installing the Spill Tray**



Alignement pin underneath the raised location tabs

Back side of the fraction collector closest to the fraction





**Installing the Fraction Collector** 

## **Installing the Rack Location Mat**

The rack location mat is installed on top of the spill tray.

## Preparations Spill tray installed

# NOTE

There are cut-outs around the rack location mat. The cut-outs slot over the raised locating tabs that are molded into the spill tray to ensure proper alignment (see Figure 22 on page 102).

- **1** Position the rack location mat over the spill tray and press the mat onto the locating tabs.
- **2** Check that the rack location mat fits firmly in place by trying to move it side to side. There should not be any movement. If the rack location mat is loose, refit it.

## **Installing the Probe and Tubing**

The sample probe comes preassembled with 0.050 cm (0.020 in) ID tubing. There are three additional coils of tubing included in the probe kit.

- The longer piece of tubing with a nut and ferrule is used for the drain tube on the divert valve.
- The shorter tubing with a nut and ferrule is used to connect fraction collector divert valve to the sample output from the HPLC system.
- The third piece of tubing is 0.025 cm (0.010 in) ID tubing and can be used for low delay volumes for applications with flow rates of 2 mL/min or less.

For details on installing the tubing, refer to Agilent 440 Fraction Collector - User Manual (G9340-90000).

- **1** Turn off the fraction collector.
- **2** Slide the Z-axis slide to the top of the probe carriage.
- **3** Manually rotate the probe arm so that it can be easily accessed.

3

**4** Disassemble the probe kit by unscrewing the nut holding the metal probe from the bottom of the lower knurled mount nut and then the lower knurled mount nut from the top knurled mount nut.



- 5 Insert the probe into the probe mounting block (see Figure 20 on page 95).
- **6** Push the tubing down into the probe so that at least 0.5 cm tubing protrudes from the end of the probe.
- 7 Secure the lower knurled mount nut to the top knurled mount nut.
- 8 Secure the nut holding the metal probe into the bottom of the lower knurled mount nut.
- **9** Clip the tubing into the tube restraint which is the small hook at the top of the Z-axis slider. Allow for a small length in the tubing to prevent kinking the tubing.
- **10** Run the tubing along the back side of the probe arm housing.

**Installing the Fraction Collector** 

**11** Attach the split ring (also called the retaining ring) as shown below. The retaining ring is split to attach it through the loop on the underside of the probe arm housing.



- 12 Feed the tubing through the retaining loop attached to the underside of the housing.
- **13** Screw the tubing fitting into the bottom (port 3) of the valve.



### NOTE

restrictor

It is important to ensure that the length of the tubing from the probe to the valve allows the probe arm to move freely in all axes. If it is too tight, it will restrict movement and may cause movement failure. If it is too loose, the probe arm may become tangled in the tubing as it moves. Tubing length between the valve and the detector depends on fraction collector placement. When choosing the length of tubing ensure it is long enough to allow free movement of the arm but not too long to delay sample delivery into the tubes. If the tubing is too long between the detector output and the fraction collector probe end, your samples may not correspond correctly to the fraction collector markers on your chromatogram. The delay volume calculation will compensate for this effect.

- 14 Move the probe arm to the front-right side of the fraction collector and rotate the probe arm fully to the right to check that the tubing is completely free to move.
- **15** Manually position the probe arm in the middle along the X axis.
- **16** Rotate the probe arm through its full extent to check that the tubing is free to allow full movement in all directions.

NOTE	If the length is not correct, remove and then replace the tubing, install the fittings and tubing onto the fraction collector. Repeat step 14 on page 100 - step 16 on page 100 to test the tubing length
	<b>17</b> Adjust the length of the sample line from the HPLC system. In port 2 (see Figure on page 100) screw in the fitting with ETFE tubing. Connect the other end of this tubing to the HPLC system's detector outlet or to the back pressure restrictor if one is present.
NOTE	This tubing should be as short as possible.

**18** In port 1 (see Figure on page 100) screw in the fitting with PTFE tubing. Put the other end of the tubing into your waste container.

## **Assembling the Sample Racks**

## CAUTION

### Loss of sample

If a tube sits at an angle in the rack, the probe may hit the side of the tube as it enters or leaves the tube. This can affect the alignment of the probe and/or damage the tube.

- → Ensure that the tubes sit vertically within the sample rack.
- **1** Follow the manufacturer's instructions to assemble the sample racks.
- 2 If needed: Insert the overlay by placing the overlay over the top of the rack.

**Installing the Fraction Collector** 

# **Installing the Sample Racks**

- 1 Standard racks:
  - Fit the pegs on the rack into the holes on the rack location mat. The rack closest to the pillar of the fraction collector is considered rack number one.

### OR

Autosampler rack (Type 128 or Type 200):

• Slide the extended portion on the bottom of the rack into the long slit on the rack location mat.



Figure 22 Rack location mat

1	Cut-outs on the rack location mat
2	Holes for regular tube racks
3	Holes for the autosampler rack

3

# **Rack Orientation**

**1** Place the rack in the correct orientation to get your samples in the desired order.

The following image shows an example of where the first sample is delivered to and the orientation of the regular racks provided with the fraction collector.



Figure 23 Tube positions on the fraction collector

**Installing the Fraction Collector** 

## **Connecting the Power to the Fraction Collector**

The connection panel of the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector (G9340A) is located on the pillar (also called a control column). The panel contains an I/O port, indicators, DIP switches, the power socket and switch, and a RS 232 port for communication between the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector (G9340A) and the system (or computer) that is running instrument control software.





#### Prerequisites

Three power cables are supplied with the module. Select the correct one for your location.

## WARNING Electrical shock

Electrical power for the module must be provided through a three wire outlet with ground connection. The outlet must be rated for at least 75 VA.

→ Ensure that power receptacles are earth-grounded at the grounding pin.

3

NOTE	Ensure that the probe arm's movement is not interfered with during operation/initialization.
	<b>1</b> Ensure that the power switch is turned off (0).
	<b>2</b> Plug one end of the power cable into the module (both the switch and the power socket are located on the connection panel on the pillar) and the other into the mains power outlet.
NOTE	In some countries, it may be necessary to fit a suitable three pin power plug to the cord. A three pin earthed power outlet must be used.
	Ensure the module is always connected to the mains supply protective earth.
	<b>3</b> Turn on the module.
	The module will go through initialization tests and set the probe position. If the initialization process is not successful, refer to chapter Troubleshooting and Diagnostics in Agilent 440 Fraction Collector - User Manual (G9340-90000).

If the fraction collector does not start up, check each fuse as described in chapter maintenance in Agilent 440 Fraction Collector - User Manual (G9340-90000).

During the initialization sequence:

- **1** The probe rises to the full extreme of the Z axis.
- **2** The probe travels to the full extremes of the X axis and rotates to the full extremes of the Theta axis.
- **3** Then the probe is positioned at the front-left of the fraction collector.

## **Instrument Communication Port**

The instrument communication port, see Figure 24 on page 104, is used to connect the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector (G9340A) to the computer or MIB controlling the instrument.

## **Auxiliary Communication Port**

The auxiliary communications port provided on the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector (G9340A) is not used with current Agilent software or hardware.

**Installing the Fraction Collector** 

## **Connecting the Fraction Collector to the HPLC System**

For details on setting up the fraction collector to the HPLC System, see "Setup the System with OpenLAB CDS ChemStation Edition - Control Panel" on page 116.

## **Determining the Delay Time**

**1** For information refer to the online help of the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector.

## **Determining the Correct Probe Depth**

**1** For information refer to the online help of the Agilent 440 Fraction Collector.

Installing the RS-422/485 Communication Kit

# Installing the RS-422/485 Communication Kit

**1** Connect the Serial extension cable (R000815107) to the end of RS-422 connector on the Converter RS-232 to RS-422 (393597601).



- 1 Converter RS-232 to RS-422 (393597601)
- 2 Serial extension cable (R000815107)

Installing the RS-422/485 Communication Kit

**2** Connect the 9-pin "D"-shell connector on the RS-232 end of the Converter RS-232 to RS-422 (393597601) to a serial communication port on the computer.



The screws on the RS-232 end of the RS-232/RS-422 Converter should be screwed into the nuts on the computer 9-pin "D"-shell serial port connector.
3

### Installing the Stream Splitter

Agilent Stream Splitters are designed for preparative HPLC applications with flow rates up to 1200 mL/min to split stream between preparative HPLC detector and an analytical detector. If modules in the flow pass are not capable of the pressure, the stream splitter must be installed. PCG426000001 is designed for flow rates up to 200 mL/min. It uses 1/16 inch connection fittings (PTFE tubing). PCG426000002 is designed for higher flow rates up to 1200 mL/min. It uses 1/8 inch and 1/16 inch connection fittings (PTFE tubing), depending on the detector being used. Some tubing's and fitting are supplied to connect with both preparative and analytical flow cells as required.

- **1** Install the stream splitter as close as possible to the outlet of the UV detector, the inlet of the ELSD and the fraction collector.
- 2 Cut the appropriate lengths of the chosen diameter tubing.
- **3** Install outlet from the UV detector to the IN port on the stream splitter.
- **4** Connect the OUT port on the stream splitter to the fraction collector.
- **5** Connect To Detector port in the back of stream splitter to the ELSD detector.

# **Setup Hardware**

### **Setup the Hardware**

This is done on the modules regardless of whether you are using HPLC control software or using one of the pumps as a master controller including following modules:

- Different pumps,
- 325 UV/VIS Dual WL Detector,
- 440 Fraction Collector, and
- 410 Autosampler.

### **Setup the Pump**

#### NOTE

The correct setup of the pump depends on the pump head installed. Choices are: 5 , 10 , 25 , 50 , 100 and 200 mL/min, 10P, 25P, 50P, 100P.

The P designation stands for PEEK. The compressibility compensation for PEEK heads is different than for stainless steel or titanium heads.

#### Setup Pump ID for Pump 1

- **1** Turn the module on.
- **2** Press on the Pump keyboard:
  - Setup and then
  - Enter

500	VENT DELIVERY N	NODULE	
1			
	Plaw Pressure	Method Rut Hold Story	
	1/0 Setup	New 7 8 9 Recal 4 5 6	

- **3** With the left arrow key select:
  - ID of the Pump: 1
  - HDSZ (Pump head): xx (depends on what pump head is installed for choices see Note above)
  - Refill: 125 (piston)
  - CIM: 5
- 4 Press Enter.
- **5** Reboot the module.

NOTE

#### Setup Pump ID for Pump 2 (if Exist)

- **1** Turn on the Pump 2.
- **2** Press on the Pump keyboard:
  - Setup and then
  - Enter

SOLVE	NT DELIVERY I	MODULE	
(Finos		Method Res Red Step Nov 7 8 8	
	Prime	Annel         4         5         6           Quintu         1         2         2           Court         -         0         Court	

- **3** With the left arrow key select:
  - ID of the Pump: 2 (available choices are: 0 63, MC (master controller) or – (no ID).

For OpenLAB, an ID between 1 - 63 must be used.

- **HDSZ (Pump head): xx** (depends on what pump head is installed for choices see Note above)
- Refill: 125 (piston)
- CIM: ----
- 4 Press Enter.
- **5** Reboot the module.

### Setup the Autosampler

#### Preparation for general and tray settings:

1 Press Serial on the autosampler keyboard.

#### To set up the general system settings:

- **1** Turn the module on.
- 2 Press SYSTEM.
- 3 Press GENERAL
- **4** Confirm or change each of the settings that appear on the display:
  - Volume of installed loop (0 5000 μL)
  - Volume of tubing "needle↔valve" 0 999 μL
  - Syringe volume (250 / 1000 )
  - Syringe speed (LOW/NORMAL/HIGH)
  - Skip missing vials (YES/NO)
  - Air segment (**YES**/**NO**)
  - Headspace pressure (YES/NO)

#### To set up the tray settings:

- **1** Turn the module on.
- 2 Press SYSTEM.
- 3 Press Tray
- 4 Confirm each of the tray settings that appear on the display:
  - Tray type (84 +3 /9 /24 )
  - Vial type (STANDARD/2.5 mL)
- **5** Reboot the module.

#### **Setup the Detector**

The detector is set up at the factory with a BOOTP (or DHCP) IP address. If need be, this can be changed by a trained service engineer who will own a copy of the diagnostics software or by setting up Agilent BootP Service to provide the detector with the right IP details.

## **Setup the Fraction Collector**

The Fraction Collector is ready to be set up in OpenLAB and does not need to have the hardware set up.

# Setup the Software

## Install Agilent OpenLAB CDS ChemStation PrepLC Drivers

Parts required	p/n	Description
	M8301AA	OpenLAB CDS ChemStation Edition Workstation A.01.05 or higher
	M8500AA	M8500AA LC driver
	M8366-64000	OpenLAB CDS Installation Driver Prep LC
	M8367-64000	OpenLAB CDS Installation Upgrade Driver Prep LC
Hardware required	Computer with Op WorkStation Insta	<i>penLAB CDS ChemStation Edition</i> installed. For details refer to the <i>OpenLAB</i> allation Guide.
	<b>1</b> Copy Agilen	tDriversPrepLCChemstationSet_up.msi from CD to your computer.
	2 Doubleclick in the setur	c on AgilentDriversPrepLCChemstationSet_up.msi and follow the steps o wizard.

# Setup the System with OpenLAB CDS ChemStation Edition - Control Panel

#### Preparations

- Latest driver package installed, see OpenLAB CDS Installation Driver Prep LC (M8366-64000)
- Modules are wired as described in "Cable Connections" on page 139
- All modules are setup as described in "Setup the Hardware" on page 110
- All modules are switched on

#### **OpenLAB** configuration

1 Open the Agilent OpenLAB Control Panel and select Create > Create Instrument.



2 Define the Name (Example PrepLC).

2	Age	ent OpenLAB Control Panel	-	*
Management				0
Edit Delete Refresh Noti	Edit fications operties	ante : Louis :		
Navigation «	Create Instrument			*
Si Instruments	Name:	PrepLC		
	Description: Application:	ChemStation		
	Instrument controller.	OLCDSWCS01		
	Instrument type:	Agilent LC System	•	Links
	Contact.			٢
nstruments		ок	Cancel	
Your startup license expires in 60 days	5.			.1

3 Select Agilent LC System from the Instrument type drop-down list.

4 Select Configure Instrument.



Use classic drivers		Enable Intelligent Reporting	
Configurable Modules	Selected Modules		
Agilent LC Modules and Systems -	Auto Configuration		
Sampler	*		<b>•</b>
HP Sampler	<b>e</b>		4
Low Flow Sampler	Empty configuration		
Low Row HP Sampler	There is no configuration available for this instrument! Do you w auto-configure it?	ant to	Configure
lso. Pump	Yes	No	
Aik for configuration change at Chem	Station startup		

5 Select No to avoid the auto-configuration (It doesn't work with this version).

6 The left panel of the Configurable Modules contains the Agilent Prep LC.

Configure Instrument: PrepLC (#1)			<b>—</b> ×
Agilent LC System		Options 30 spectral evaluation Enable Intelligent Reporting	
Configuration Modules C. System (54/2000) C. System (54/2000) Autoemption Autoe	Selected Modules		¢ Configure
1			Additional configuration +
		ОК	Cancel Help

- 7 Select the module you have available in your system.
- 8 Click  $\rightarrow$  to add the modules to the Selected Modules.

The configuration dialog for the selected module opens.

#### **Pump Configuration**

**1** Doubleclick in **Configurable Modules** on Pump.

Pump Configuration dialog opens.

**2** Select the COM Port as COM 1 and the desired Pressure unit bar (available kPa, PSI, bar, MPa).

OM Port		COM1	-	Number of pumps 1
ressure u	nit	bar	-	Injection pump present
Pump	ID	Model	Firmware	Head version
A	1	PrepStar 218	HPXLV2.0SD300V1.1+	25mL Titanium
				Activate communication

**3** Verify the connection by clicking on **Activate communication**.

Information **Communication established with COM1** is visible on the screen.

4 Click OK.

Configuration dialog closes.

**Setup the Software** 

#### Autosampler configuration

- Doubleclick in Configurable Modules on Autosampler.
   Autosampler Configuration dialog opens.
- 2 Select the COM Port as COM 1.

COM Port	COM1	•
ID	60	
Activa	te communication	
FW version		
Options		_
Tray	84 standard vials 🔹	]
Loop volume	100 µL	1
Syringe volume	250 μL 👻	]
Tubing volume	15 µL	j
Preparative option	No	-
Column oven		
Tray cooling		
🗸 Alam buzzer		
		_
Communicatio	n established with COM1	L
ОК	Cancel	Help

- **3** Select the **Tray84 standard vials** as an example.
- 4 Double check your actual configured Tray.
- 5 Check the other variables present in the Autosampler Configuration screen.
- **6** Verify the connection by clicking on **Activate communication**.

Information **Communication established with COM1** is visible on the screen.

7 Click **0K**.

Configuration dialog closes.

#### **Detector Configuration**

- Doubleclick in Configurable Modules on Detector.
   Detector Configuration dialog opens.
- 2 Select the Browse function to start discovery your Detector The IP address will be populated by the searching results. Example:

 ${\rm IP} \; {\rm address} \; 192.168.0.97$ 

P address 0.0.0.0	IP address	192.168.0.97	
Activate communication		Activate communic	ation
Options	Options		
Dual wavelength option Enabled	Dual waveleng	th option	Enabled
Cell type 9x0 •	Cell type	9x0	•
Cell ratio 1.000	Cell ratio	1.000	
Enable ready in	Enable read	dy in	
Discovering instruments	(i) Communic	ation established with 192	168.0.97
o oscoroniginationena	Communic	and concentration with 122	

**3** Verify the connection by clicking on **Activate communication**.

 $\label{eq:linear} Information \ \textbf{Communication established with COM1} \ is \ visible \ on \ the \ screen.$ 

4 Click **OK**.

Configuration dialog closes.

#### **Fraction Collector Configuration**

- Doubleclick in Configurable Modules on Fraction Detector.
   Fraction Collector Configuration dialog opens.
- 2 Select the COM Port as COM 2

COM Port	COM2	-
Activat	e communication	
Serial number	AY1101M0	15
Flow settings		
Volume delay	30.0 s	
Rack and tube sett	ings	
Rack type	60 (5x12)	•
Probe depth	5 mm	
Max. tube time	1.00 min	
Communication	n established with COM2	2

- **3** Fill in the Flow settings and the Rack and tube settings.
- **4** Verify the connection by clicking on **Activate communication**.
- **5** Verify the connection by clicking on **Activate communication**.

Information **Communication established with COM2** is visible on the screen.

#### Terminating configuration

1 Before closing the **Configure Instrument** windows deselect the **3D spectral** evaluation check box.

LS Configure Instrument: LC_23 (#3)			
Agilent LC System		30 spectral evaluation     If Enable Intelligent Reporting	
Configurable Modules Lic System (64/2000) Lic System (64/2000) Autosomption Autosomption Autosomption Autosomption Pump	* Configuration	Selected Modules           Aginet Frep LC <ul></ul>	¢ Configure
Ask for configuration change at ChemStation statup			Additional configuration +
			OK Cancel Help

2 Click OK.

You're back in Agilent OpenLAB Control Panel.

**Setup the Software** 

# Setup Method

1 Select Launch to start the OpenLab CDS Chemstation Edition.



2 Set **Pumps** parameters.

	Solvent		Custom name	Compressibility (Mbar-1)	Pressure constant (bar)	Refil time (ms)		
A	Water	-		46	3231	125		
В	Water	-		46	3231	125	_	
С	Water	•		46	3231	125		
w gradient ullibration time	0.00 min				Hold time	0.00 min		
- ×		_						
Time Tot (min) (mL	tal flow A _/min) (%)	B (%)	C (%)					
Initials 0.00			0.000					
	hada							
	ehavior 0 kPa				Max, pressure	41369kPa		
essure limits and run by n. pressure un is aborted	0 kPa	tely •			Max pressure	41369 kPa		
		tely •	]		Max, pressure	41369 kPa		
, pressure	0 kPa	tely •	]		Max. pressure	41369 kPa		

**Setup the Software** 

#### 4 Set Autosampler parameters.

Setup Method	Tarifa 1						×
Pumps 🧇 Autosa	mpler 🔷 Autosampler Injector	Program V PS-325	Fraction collector				
Injection mode	Partial loopfil	Syringe volume	250 µL				
Flush volume	30 µL	Transport vial	85 👻	Injection volu	me 0 µL		
Wash							
Wash mode	After injection 💌	Wash volume	250 µL. 👻				
Options							
Headspace press	sure	📃 Use air segment		Syringe speed	Normal	•	
Tray Cooling enabled		Tray temperature	[4°C	Cooling au	tomatic stop		
Column oven		Oven temperature	30 °C				
Event used On	ations forces	Oven temperature	30 °C	Oven temperature (	~		
1 0.0				30	<b>G</b>		
2 🖸 0.0	0			30			
Auxiliary 1 events			Audiary 2 events				
Show timetable graph							
				ок	Apply	Cancel	Help

6 Set Autosampler Injector Program.

Setup Method	artia t						×
Pumps 🗇 Autosampler	Autosampler Injector I	Program 😻 PS-325 👗	Fraction collector				
🔄 Use Injector Program							
Mading							
Reagent A vial 85		Reagent B vial	85				
Destination vial Se	mple + 1 🔹	User defined vial	1				
Use mixing only on new	vial						
+ - ×							
Moting command	Description						
Show timetable graph							
				ок	Apply	Cancel	Help

**Setup the Software** 

#### 8 Set **PS-325** parameters.

lunch rate	4 (5Hz) +	Scale factor	1.0000		Ratio threshold	0.1000	
Voise monitor length	64	Response time	2.00 s		Run time	1.00 min	1
+ - x			Concernant of the second		1.000 (1999) 1.000		-
Time (min)	Wavelength 1 (nm)	Attenuation 1 (AU)	Autozero 1	Wavelength 2 (nm)	Attenuation 2 (AU)	Autozero 2	
1 Initials	254	2.000 +	[V]	300	2.000	• 2	
				10000		and the second second	
+ - ×				110000		and the second sec	
Time (min)	Relay 1	Rel	ay 2	Relay 3	Relay	4	
	Relay 1	Rel	ay 2	Relay 3	Relay	4	

### NOTE

The **Run time** must be defined to the detector parameters.

10  $\operatorname{Set}$  Fraction collector.



11 Click **OK** to confirm method.

Setup is completed.

### Setup the CIM in the OpenLAB CDS ChemStation PrepLC Drivers

#### Setup the CIM in the OpenLAB CDS ChemStation PrepLC Drivers

The Control Interface Module (CIM) in the OpenLAB CDS ChemStation PrepLC Drivers can be used for acquiring signals from extern detectors. If 218/SD-1 and 1260 modules are connected via remote cable, error messages will be properly relayed. With the remote cable it is also possible to run 218/SD-1 preparative HPLC system with any Agilent 1200 Infinity Series detector using the CIM as trigger source for fractionation. For this analog input interface one or two 218/SD-1 pump modules can be mixed.

The CIM offers different features:

- from the ability to configure the module,
- to establish communication with the module and re-establish in case of communication loss,
- to edit the CIM detector method,
- to perform a run, and acquire data,
- to view the CIM status in the RC.NET Status Dashboard,
- to activate the CIM relays manually,
- to monitor the CIM signal to fractionate, and
- to detect the 440 Fraction Collector peaks on the CIM signal.

Parts required	p/n	Description
	5062-3378	Remote cable

Preparations • OpenLab CDS Chemstation Control Panel is configured as described in "Setup the CIM in the OpenLAB CDS ChemStation PrepLC Drivers" on page 130 **1** Select Configure Instrument.

	Agilent OpenLAB Control Panel	
Management		<mark>0</mark> 1
Edit Delete Refresh	Edit Notifications         Create         Configure Instrument           Properties         Actions	
Navigation	« PrepLC	Not Connected 🔜
Instruments  Instruments  Administration	Status Status Status Details	Links

2 Select No to avoid the auto-configuration (It doesn't work with this version).

Configurable Modules Agiltent LC Modules and Systems Surger Fraction Collector Sampler HP Sampler Low Row Sampler Low Row Sampler Low Row HP Sampler Low Row HP Sampler	Empty configuration available for this instrument? Do you want to acconfiguration	+ + Configure
lso. Pump	Yes No	

gilent LC System Use classic divers		Options     JD spectral evaluation     Enable Intelligent Reporting	
thod load on startup: Always ask user to choose an option	•]		
Configurable Modules Agitern LC Modules and Systems 410 Autorampler 218/SD-1 Pump 23/SU/MS Detector 218/SD-1 Pump 23/SU/MS Detector 24/D Fraction Collector 24/S Fraction Collector 24/S Sampler 25/Sumpler 25/Su		Ado Adoradon Adosander (FS10) Parso (FS21xS01) PS-25 (FS225)	↑ ↓ Configure
			Additional configur

**3** Select the **218/SD-1 CIM** on the left panel of the **Configurable Modules**.

 $\textbf{4} \quad \mathrm{Click} \rightarrow \mathrm{to} \; \mathrm{add} \; \mathrm{the} \; \mathrm{modules} \; \mathrm{to} \; \mathrm{the} \; \textbf{Selected} \; \textbf{Modules}.$ 

The configuration dialog for the selected module opens.

**5** Doubleclick in **Configurable Modules** on **218/SD-1 CIM**.

218/SD-1 CIM Configuration dialog opens.

- 6 Select the COM Port, the CIM Model, Detector ID and enter the ID value.
- 7 Verify the connection by clicking on **Activate communication**.

218/SD-1 CIM Config	guration: Instrument 1
COM Port	COM2 -
ID	5
CIM Model	210/218 🔹
Detector ID	1 •
Activa	ate communication
FW version	CM300V1.1+
Communication	established with COM2
ОК	Cancel Help

Information **Communication established with COMn** is visible on the screen.

8 Click OK.

Configuration dialog closes.

9 Doubleclick in Configurable Modules on 218/SD-1 Pump.

218/SD-1 Pump Configuration dialog opens.

10 Select the check box Pulse relay 1 of pump A on start.

COM Port COM1		Number of pumps 2				
Pulse	relay 1 o	f pump A on start				Pump action on pressure error
Pump	ID 1	Model PrepStar SD-1 -	Serial number	Firmware -	Head version	One ore more SD-1 pumps have been configured in the instrument. Please make sure to select the stop action in the pressure screen of all the pumps.
						To do so: 1 - Press the PRESS button on the pump 2 - Select stop below the ACTION parameter with the arrow keys of the pump
		154				ОК
SD-1 Cl		ol IM for injection		CIM ID	1	ОК

The CIM is able to send a start or stop pulse.

11 Click OK.

Configuration dialog closes.

12 Click OK.

You're back in Agilent OpenLAB Control Panel.

**Setup the Software** 

- Agilent OpenLAB Control Pane 0 × 0 × • Edit Delete Refresh Lock Create Shortcuts Edit Configure Instrument Not Connected PrepLC ~~ tion Instruments Start Instrument Launch Offline 실 Launch Status Details Links Instruments Your startup license expires in 60 days.
- 1 Select Launch to start the OpenLab CDS Chemstation Edition.

2 Set CIM parameters.





# 4 Using, Troubleshooting, Maintenance and Parts

Using, Troubleshooting, Maintenance and Parts 136

This chapter provides information on how to access further details on the system components.



# Using, Troubleshooting, Maintenance and Parts

For details on using, troubleshooting, maintenance and necessary parts for the individual modules, please refer to the according manuals:

- Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module User Manual (G9300-90001)
- Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector User Manual (G9309-90000)
- Agilent 410 Autosampler User Manual (G9331-90000)
- Agilent 440 Fraction Collector User Manual (G9340-90000)



# Cables

5

Cable Overview 138 Cable Connections 139 Analog Output 140 Relay Output 141 Desktop PC Communications 144 Synchronization Signals 145

This chapter provides information on cables used with the instrument.



# **Cable Overview**

#### Necessary cables

p/n	Description	
	392612901	Ethernet cable (for use in a <i>network</i> )
OR	5023-0203	Ethernet cable (cross-over, for standalone use)
	392607969	Inject marker cable
	392607975	Next injection cable
	393546291	Serial communication ribbon
	393597601	Converter RS-232 to RS-422
	7910046300	Serial cable

#### Optional cables

p/n	Description
110743800	Relay interface cable (for relay interface board, one relay contact per cable)
110744200	Analog signal cable

# **Cable Connections**



Figure 25 Cable connections for workstation control of Agilent 218 Pumps, Agilent 325 Detector, Agilent 410 Autosampler and Agilent 440 Fraction Collector

5 Cables Analog Output

### **Analog Output**

For analog output signals, install the optional Analog signal cable (110744200) into the J14 receptacle. Pin designations are shown below.



Figure 26 Pin designation for J14

The open ends of the analog output cable have labels with the signal names (Channel A +, Channel A - and Channel B +, Channel B -).

### **Relay Output**

For time programming external events, a contact closure Relay output is available. To configure the Relay output, install the optional Assy PWB relay interface 325 (210187590) into the J4 receptacle. Pin designations are shown below.



Figure 27 Pin designation for J4

There are four general purpose output relays and one dedicated Peak relay. Each output uses a DIP relay that is capable of handling 500 mA of contact current. At reset or power up, the output relay contacts are set to the default parameters (open). After loading a method they will be set as defined in the method's **time=0 parameters**.

The Peak relay is software programmable for duration, delay and active sense. At power up, the relay contact will be set to the inactive state (as defined by the value of the **active sense** parameter stored in the detector). Upon being triggered, relay activation will occur for the time interval equal to the **Peak Sense duration** parameter as stored in the method.

The Peak relay can be activated from any of the following sources (only one source can be active at any one time):

- Time Slice event Once time slice has been turned on, it will provide a periodic activation of the Peak Sense relay at an interval defined in **Time Slice period** within the method. Time Slice can be turned on and off by time.
- Pulse event A single timed programmed activation of the Peak Sense relay as defined in the method.
- Peak sense has been turned on.

To connect open-ended wires to the relay signals available at J4, use the optional Assy PWB relay interface 325 (210187590) (see Figure 28 on page 142). Simply plug this PWB into the rear panel connector.



Figure 28 Relay output board

The Relay interface cable (for relay interface board, one relay contact per cable) (110743800) is used to attach to the 3 pin connectors at the relay output board.

With the 3 pin connectors, the contact closure is between pins 1 and 2 of the plugs. Pin 3 is connected to ground. The relay interface cable has three open-ended wires. The relay contact is connected between the clear and the black wire. The green wire is connected to ground.

5 Cables Desktop PC Communications

### **Desktop PC Communications**

Communication between the detector and a desktop PC occurs by an Ethernet connection. Communication by an Ethernet connection is required to control the detector remotely by OpenLAB. When the Workstation provides HPLC system control, the synchronization cables from P9 and J10 are not used.

To create an Ethernet connection, insert an RJ45 cable included in the ship kit into the J1 receptacle and into the PC. The Ethernet cable that comes with the detector is a cross-over cable, which is appropriate for connecting the detector directly to a PC. Connecting the detector to a network or a hub will usually require a patch cable. A Ethernet cable (for use in a network) (392612901) can be purchased from Agilent or either locally.

Most PCs come pre-configured with an Ethernet connection, which is usually built into the motherboard, or with an Ethernet network card installed. However, if you have a PC that has no network interface, you will need to install and configure a Network Interface Card (PCI bus). The PC must have a spare PCI slot for the installation of this device. You are also responsible for setting up and maintaining any LAN configuration where a detector may be used. All network issues are to be dealt with by the user.
## Synchronization Signals

The synchronization signals at P9 and J10 are used to synchronize the operation of a group of instruments that are not interfaced to OpenLAB. The synchronization signals come in four pairs and define how the detector will operate in a HPLC system. These signals are important for controlling timing and synchronization of the detector with the other devices in the system. Synchronization signals are closely tied to the detector states and transitions. P9 and J10 pin designations are shown in Figure 29 on page 145.



Figure 29 Pin designations for J10 and P9

P9 provides connections when the Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector acts as a "slave" and receives control from another module. J10 provides connections when the detector acts as a "master" and sends control to another device.

An input is activated or said to be present when its two signal wires are connected together. This can be done with a relay contact closure. If the inputs are driven from another instrument with optical isolators or other polarized devices, then attention must be paid to the polarity of the signal wire connections. The positive (+) output signal must be connected to the positive (+) input signal and the negative (-) output to the negative (-) input. The color coding and physical design of the cable connectors ensure that correct signals and polarity are matched.

The outputs are optical isolators and simulate a relay contact closure when they are activated (see Figure 30 on page 146). The minimum requirement for an input signal to be detected is 200 ms.



Figure 30 Input/output schematics

5

Table 9	Signal Description J10 and P9	
Signal	Description	
Enable Out	A non-polarized constantly active output (a short). This output can be used to activate Enable In on the next instrument.	
Ready In	When Enable Ready In is set (software switch), this polarized input signal must be present before the Agilent 325 Detector can go to the Ready state. Specifically, when the Agilent 325 Detector is in the NOT Ready Lamp On state, on receiving a Ready In signal, a monitor period will occur after which the Agilent 325 Detector goes to the Ready state. It must stay active until the Agilent 325 Detector starts. Ready In will be ignored in all other states.	
Ready Out	This polarized output signal indicates that the Agilent 325 Detector is in the Ready state and is ready to start a time program.	
Start In	This polarized edge triggered input signal will start the active method if the Agilent 325 Detector is in the Ready state.	
Start Out	This polarized output signal will be activated for 600 ms when the Agilent 325 Detector starts a time program.	
Fault In	This polarized edge triggered input signal informs the Agilent 325 Detector that a fault condition exists in another instrument in the system. The Agilent 325 Detector halts the time program and sends a Fault Out signal. The lamp can be programmed to either remain on or turn off upon receiving a fault signal.	
Fault Out	<ul> <li>This polarized output signal will activate for 600 ms when either of the following conditions occurs:</li> <li>The Agilent 325 Detector discovers an internal fault condition that warrants aborting the run.</li> <li>The Agilent 325 Detector receives a Fault In signal and it has no internal fault condition itself.</li> </ul>	
Auto-zero	This edge-triggered contact closure causes an auto-zero adjustment.	
Lamp off	This edge-triggered contact closure switches the lamp off. It is possible to turn the lamp back on manually if the contact is still closed.	

An optional Assy PWB sync. interface 325 (210186590) is available to interface between the Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual Wavelength Detector synchronization signals and other devices. This board is inserted into the P9 and J10 connectors and connects to a terminal strip on the adapter board. This terminal strip accepts bare wire leads from cables connecting other devices. These cables may originate from the other device, or a dedicated cable can be used, if available for the particular application.

## 5 Cables

Synchronization Signals



Figure 31 The I/O adapter board



# Appendix

6

General Safety Information 150 Solvent Miscibility 156 Solvent Compressibility 157 The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive 159 Batteries Information 160 Radio Interference 161 Electromagnetic Compatibility 162 Agilent Technologies on Internet 164

This chapter provides addition information on safety, legal and web.



# **General Safety Information**

## **General Safety Information**

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation, service, and repair of this instrument. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the instrument. Agilent Technologies assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

## WARNING

Ensure the proper usage of the equipment.

The protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

The operator of this instrument is advised to use the equipment in a manner as specified in this manual.

## **Information Symbols**

The following is a list of symbols that appear with warnings in this manual or on the liquid chromatograph. The hazard they describe is also shown.

A triangular symbol indicates a warning. The meanings of the symbols that may appear alongside warnings in the documentation or on the instrument itself are as follows:





attached to the instrument. When you see this symbol, refer to the relevant operation or service manual for the correct procedure referred to by that warning label.

## 6 Appendix

**General Safety Information** 

Symbol	Description
I	Mains power on
0	Mains power off
₽	Fuse
$\sim$	Single phase alternating current
	Direct current
CE	Confirms that the product complies with the requirements of all applicable European Community directives

## Table 11Information symbols

6

## **Solvent Hazards**

## WARNING

**Explosion**, fire, asphyxiation

This instrument is not explosion-proof.

Certain solvents may cause weakening and leaks of tubings or fitthings with possible bursting.

Even small leaks in solvent supply systems can be dangerous.

- → Only use solvents compatible with the HPLC system tubings and fittings.
- → Employ static measuring and static discharge devices to safeguard against the buildup of static electricity.
- In unattended operation, do not use organic solvents having an ignition point below 70 °C.
- → Do not bring a heat or flame source near the instrument.
- → The area in which solvents are stored and the area surrounding the instrument must be adequately ventilated to prevent accumulations of gas.
- → Always check the condition of the instrument (leakage of solvent or waste solution, leakage of solvent inside the instrument). If an abnormality is found, stop operation immediately.
- When using flammable chemicals, be careful about possible ignition due to static electricity. To prevent the build-up of static electricity, use a conductive container for waste.
- → Use only approved regulator and hose connectors (refer to the supplier's instructions).
- → Keep solvents cool and properly labeled. Ensure that you have the correct solvent before connecting it to the instrument.

### 6 Appendix

**General Safety Information** 



## **Other Precautions**

Airflow to the cooling fans of the liquid chromatograph must be unobstructed. Do not block the ventilation grills on the liquid chromatograph and accessories.

Consult the manuals supplied with your PC, monitor and for their specific ventilation requirements.

## **High Pressure Hazards**

## WARNING

High velocity stream of volatile and/or toxic liquids.

If a line ruptures, a relief device opens, or a valve opens accidentally under pressure, potentially hazardous high liquid pressures can be generated by the pump.

- Wear personal protective equipment when you inject samples or perform routine maintenance.
- → Never open a solvent line or valve under pressure. Stop the pump first and let the pressure drop to zero.
- → Always keep the doors and covers closed during operation.
- → Read and adhere to all Notes, Cautions, and Warnings in the manual.

## **Ultraviolet Radiation**

## WARNING

#### Irritation to the skin, eyes and upper respiratory system

- → Ensure that protective lamp covers of variable and fixed wavelength detectors are in place during operation.
- → Do not look directly into detector fluid cells or at the UV light source. When inspecting the light source or fluid cell, always use protective eye covering such as borosilicate glass or polystyrene.
- → Ventilate the area surrounding the detector such that the concentration of ozone does not exceed the maximum permissible level. All venting must be to outside air, never within the building.

### **Ozon generation**

Ozone can be generated by radiation from the source lamps. The maximum permissible exposure level is 0.1 ppm (0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>).

6 Appendix Solvent Miscibility

# **Solvent Miscibility**

Solvents should mix with each other in all proportions. This is important during elution and during solvent changeover. Refer to Figure 32 on page 156 for miscibility of some common HPLC solvents.



Figure 32 Solvent miscibility of some common solvents

# **Solvent Compressibility**

The values in Table 12 on page 157 should be used for the Agilent 218 Purification Solution compressibility factors when you are setting up the pumping system parameters.

For details on how to set up the pump system parameters, refer to Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module - User Manual (G9300-90001).

x	L
46	3231
128.9	956
97.4	1212
96.7	1046
106.7	998
97.4	1227
114	800
111.9	1020
188	700
80	1500
60	1500
115	1100
100	1800
97.4	1212
125	1200
144	760
167.2	644
95	1400
	46 128.9 97.4 96.7 106.7 97.4 114 111.9 188 80 60 115 100 97.4 125 144 167.2

Table 12Compressibility factors

## 6 Appendix

Solvent Compressibility

Table 12	Compressibility factors

Solvent	x	L
Propanol	98	1200
Tetrahydrofuran	95	1500
Toluene	93	1200
2-Methylformamide	80	1500

# **The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive**

#### Abstract

The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive (2002/96/EC), adopted by EU Commission on 13 February 2003, is introducing producer responsibility on all electric and electronic appliances starting with 13 August 2005.

### NOTE

This product complies with the WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC) marking requirements. The affixed label indicates that you must not discard this electrical/electronic product in domestic household waste.

Product Category:

With reference to the equipment types in the WEEE Directive Annex I, this product is classed as a Monitoring and Control Instrumentation product.



NOTE

Do not dispose off in domestic household waste

To return unwanted products, contact your local Agilent office, or see www.agilent.com for more information.

6



# **Batteries Information**

## WARNING

Lithium batteries may not be disposed-off into the domestic waste. Transportation of discharged Lithium batteries through carriers regulated by IATA/ICAO, ADR, RID, IMDG is not allowed.

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.

- Discharged Lithium batteries shall be disposed off locally according to national waste disposal regulations for batteries.
- → Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the equipment manufacturer.



# **Radio Interference**

Cables supplied by Agilent Technologies are screened to provide optimized protection against radio interference. All cables are in compliance with safety or EMC regulations.

### **Test and Measurement**

If test and measurement equipment is operated with unscreened cables, or used for measurements on open set-ups, the user has to assure that under operating conditions the radio interference limits are still met within the premises.

# **Electromagnetic Compatibility**

## EN55011/CISPR11

Group 1 ISM equipment: group 1 contains all ISM equipment in which there is intentionally generated and/or used conductively coupled radio- frequency energy which is necessary for the internal functioning of the equipment itself.

Class A equipment is equipment suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic and those directly connected to a low voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.

This device complies with the requirements of CISPR11, Group 1, Class A as radiation professional equipment. Therefore, there may be potential difficulties in ensuring electromagnetic compatibility in other environments, due to conducted as well as radiated disturbances.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try one or more of the following measures:

- Relocate the radio or antenna.
- Move the device away from the radio or television.
- Plug the device into a different electrical outlet, so that the device and the radio or television are on separate electrical circuits.
- Make sure that all peripheral devices are also certified.
- Make sure that appropriate cables are used to connect the device to peripheral equipment.
- Consult your equipment dealer, Agilent Technologies, or an experienced technician for assistance.
- Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Agilent Technologies could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

6

## ICES/NMB-001

This ISM device complies with Canadian ICES-001.

Cet appareil ISM est conforme à la norme NMB-001 du Canada.

Appendix Agilent Technologies on Internet

6

# **Agilent Technologies on Internet**

For the latest information on products and services visit our worldwide web site on the Internet at:

http://www.agilent.com

#### Index

## Index

### 3

3-way pump head prime valve installation 52

### A

AC power 73 Agilent on internet 164 analog output 140 assembling fraction collector 96 autosampler connecting 92 lifting 34 location 84 service 13

## B

safety information 160

### C

cables other 72 72 power checklist 29 delivery pump 29 column oven 13 communication cabling connecting 66 components 95 condensation 20 connections

workstation control 139 connector external contacts 67 connectors external 67

### D

defect on arrival 28 delivery checklist autosampler 30 31 capillary kits detector 29 fraction collector 30 delivery 26 detector outlet back pressure restrictor 81 driver installation 115

## E

electronic waste 159

### F

features 11 flowcell types 76 flowcell install 77

## G

general waste tubing connecting 88

#### Н

hardware setup 110 high pressure tubing pump head 58 high pressure hazard 155

### 

inlet filter assembly 56 inspection 32 installation 45 internal mixer mast kit 47 overview 96 pressure module 43 probe 98 pump head 41 tubing 98 installing 82 door internal mixer installation 45 internet 164 introduction autosampler 12 detector 11 fraction collector 15 preparative autosampler 14 system 8

#### L

lithium batteries 160 location

#### **Purification Solution System User Guide**

#### Index

detector module 71 low pressure tubing 56

### Μ

maintenance module 136 manual injection valve and bracket installation 49 mast kit installation 47 mat rack location 98 method setup 124

### 0

outlet check valve connections 59 overview installation 96 module 85

## P

packaging damaged 28 parts 136 piston-washing installation 57 plumbing fittings analytical stainless steel 63 analytical titanium mixers 64 narrowbore titanium 64 narrowbore 63 preparative PEEK 65 preparative titanium 65 plumbing safety 55 power cords 19 power

connection 104 prep option installing 94 pressure module installation 43 prime/purge valve and bracket installation 51 pump head high pressure tubing installation 58 pump head installation 41 setting, control software 69 pump ID 69 setting, control software pump overview 9

## R

rack location mat 98 rack orientation 103 radio interference 161 reagente addition 13 relay output 141 removing door 83 front panel 75

### S

safety information lithium batteries 160 safety general information 150 sample rack assembly 101 installation 102 sample tray installation 93, 88 setup ChemStation control 116 electrical 39 hardware 110 OpenLab 116 pump ID 111 side-port needle 12 site requirements power cords 19 specifications 21 spill tray installation 97 stack auto-preparative 38 binary 37 isocratic 36 optimizing 35 synchronization signals 145 syringe waste tubing connecting 89 system rinsina 91

### Т

terminal strip J2 68 J3 68 troubleshooting 136

### U

unpacking 32 using 136

### V

vials filling and sealing 92

#### W

waste

### **Purification Solution System User Guide**

Index

electrical and electronic equipment 159 water and leakage drain connecting 89 WEEE directive 159 www.agilent.com

# In This Book

This manual provides setup information on following modules:

- Agilent 218 Solvent Delivery Module (G9300A/G9301A)
- Agilent 325 UV/VIS Dual WL Detector (G9309A)
- Agilent 410 Autosampler (G9331A/G9332A)
- Agilent 440 Fraction Collector (G9340A)

The manual describes the following:

- Optimizing stack configuration
- Setup hardware
- Setup software
- Setup methods

 ${\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$  Agilent Technologies 2012, 2013

Printed in Germany 03/2013



G9300-90301

